



**DIPLOMADO DE PROFUNDIZACIÓN CISCO (DISEÑO E IMPLEMENTACIÓN DE SOLUCIONES  
INTEGRADAS LAN / WAN)**

**TAREA 11**

**“PRUEBA DE HABILIDADES PRÁCTICAS “**

**PRESENTADO POR:**

**WILLIAM ORLANDO GAMBOA SIERRA.**

**UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL ABIERTA A DISTANCIA-UNAD  
ESCUELA DE CIENCIAS BÁSICAS TECNOLOGÍA E INGENIERÍA  
PAMPLONA, NORTE DE SANTANDER.**

**JULIO DE 2019.**

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**WILLIAM ORLANDO GAMBOA SIERRA.**

**TUTOR:**

**JOSE IGNACIO CARDONA**

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## **Introducción**

El presente trabajo tiene como objetivo buscar e identificar el grado de desarrollo de competencias y habilidades que fueron adquiridas a lo largo del diplomado. Lo esencial es poner a prueba los niveles de comprensión y solución de problemas relacionados con diversos aspectos de Networking.

Teniendo en cuenta que durante el diplomado de profundización cisco (diseño e implementación de soluciones integradas lan / wan), se lograron estudiar 4 unidades en donde se pudo aprender y afianzar conocimientos y temas como son fundamentos básicos en redes, temáticas referentes al modelo OSI y sus diferentes capas y direccionamiento IP, sistemas de implementación VLAN's y enrutamiento en soluciones de red.

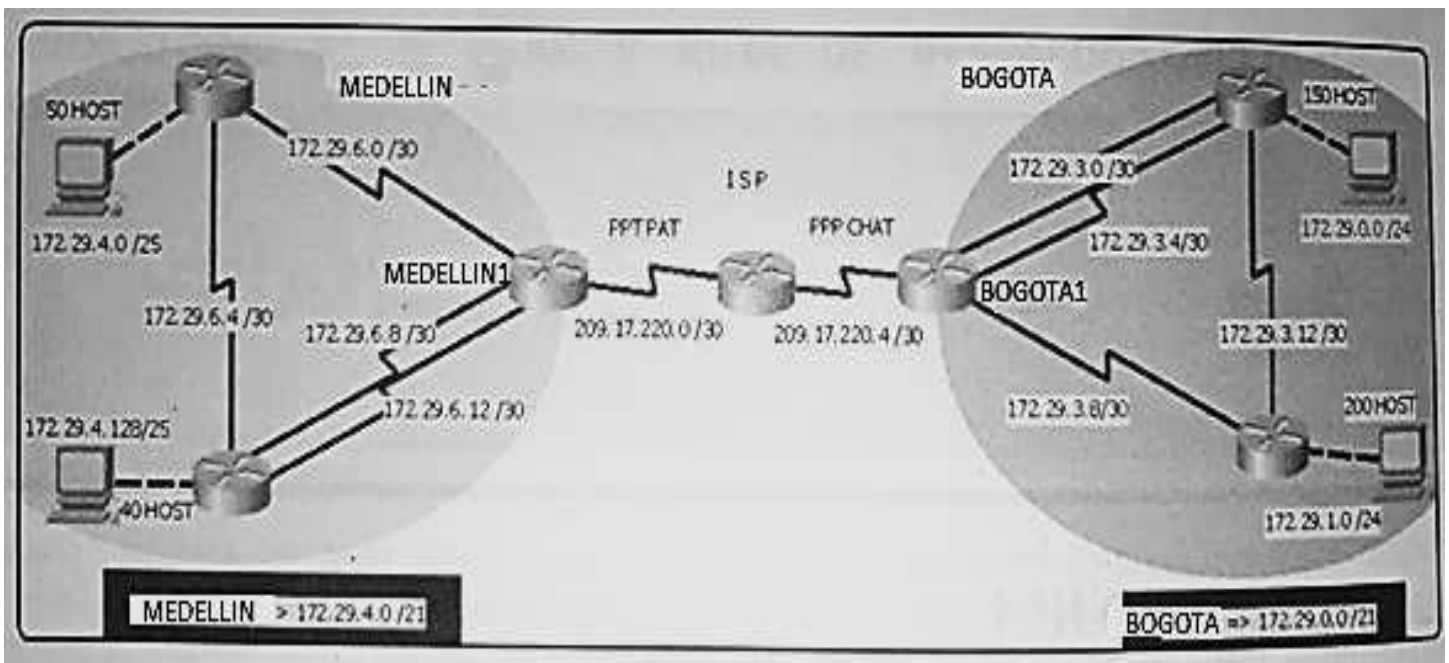
Se logró a través del desarrollo del presente proyecto afianzar cada uno de los temas, logrando así aplicarlos al contexto hipotético y real, teniendo como objetivo implementar redes robustas que permitan conectar diferentes equipos e infraestructura tecnológica en cualquier lugar del mundo, logrando garantizar conectividad, transporte de información, implementación de políticas seguridad y cifrado de la información de una forma eficiente que permitan evidenciar la existencia de protocolos de red e información basado en los estándares internacionales más importantes en la implementación o aplicación de redes o aspectos de Networking.

Es importante anotar que el manejo, uso y apropiación de la herramienta Cisco Packet Tracer nos permitió primero que todo economizar y optimizar recursos, conocer u explorar nuevos equipos y herramientas de suma importancia en la implementación de redes y que sustentan un gran aporte importante a la era de la revolución tecnológica.

## Escenario 1

Una empresa posee sucursales distribuidas en las ciudades de Bogotá y Medellín, en donde el estudiante será el administrador de la red, el cual deberá configurar e interconectar entre sí cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario, acorde con los

Topología de red



Este escenario plantea el uso de RIP como protocolo de enrutamiento, considerando que se tendrán rutas por defecto redistribuidas; asimismo, habilitar el encapsulamiento PPP y su autenticación.

Los routers Bogota2 y medellin2 proporcionan el servicio DHCP a su propia red LAN y a los routers 3 de cada ciudad.

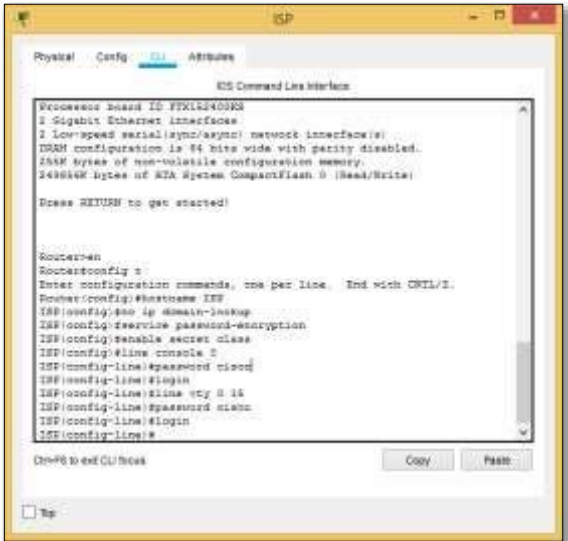
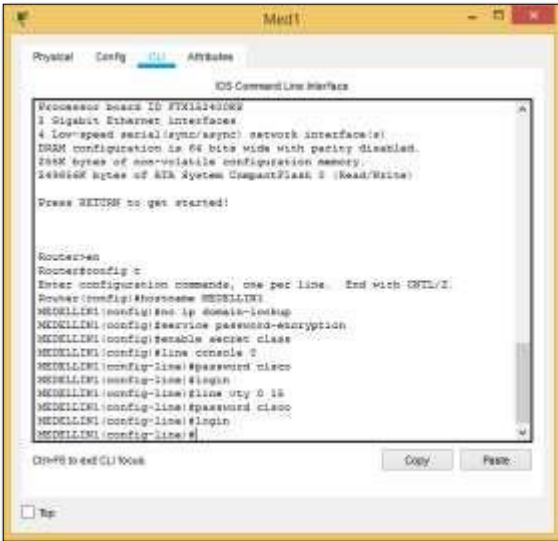
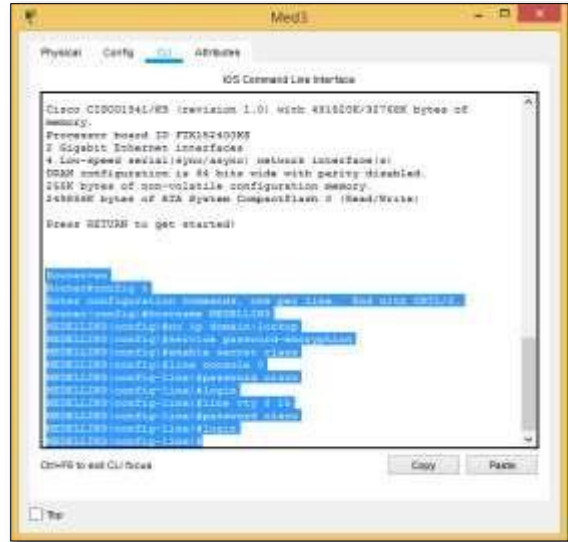
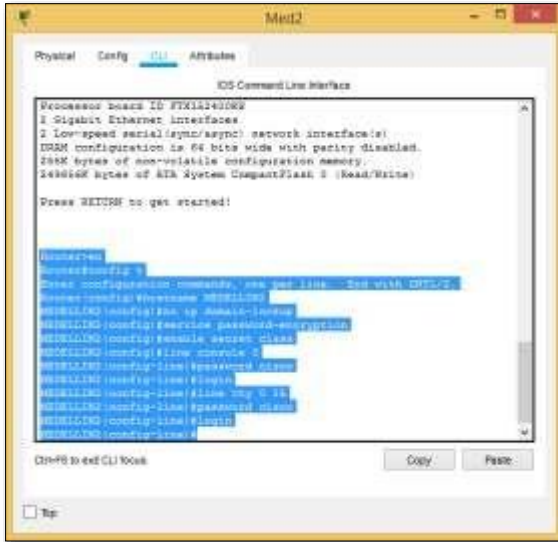
Debe configurar PPP en los enlaces hacia el ISP, con autenticación.

Debe habilitar NAT de sobrecarga en los routers Bogota1 y medellin1.

# Desarrollo

Como trabajo inicial se debe realizar lo siguiente.

- Realizar las rutinas de diagnóstico y dejar los equipos listos para su configuración (asignar nombres de equipos, asignar claves de seguridad, etc).



```

IOS Command Line Interface

326K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.
16384K bytes of ATA System CompactFlash 0 (Read/Write)

Press RETURN to get started!

Router>conf t
* Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Router>en
Router>conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CTRL/Z.
R0G0T1(config)#hostname R0G0T1
R0G0T1(config)#ip domain-lookup
R0G0T1(config)#service password-encryption
R0G0T1(config)#enable secret class
R0G0T1(config)#line console 0
R0G0T1(config-line)#password cisco
R0G0T1(config-line)#login
R0G0T1(config-line)#line vty 0 15
R0G0T1(config-line)#password cisco
R0G0T1(config-line)#login
R0G0T1(config-line)#
Ctrl-Shift to exit CLI Mode
Copy Paste

```

```

IOS Command Line Interface

Processor board ID FTK15340000
2 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces
4 Low-speed serial (sync/async) network interfaces
DRAM configuration is 64 bits wide with parity disabled.
326K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.
16384K bytes of ATA System CompactFlash 0 (Read/Write)

Press RETURN to get started!

Router>en
Router>conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CTRL/Z.
R0G0T2(config)#hostname R0G0T2
R0G0T2(config)#ip domain-lookup
R0G0T2(config)#service password-encryption
R0G0T2(config)#enable secret class
R0G0T2(config)#line console 0
R0G0T2(config-line)#password cisco
R0G0T2(config-line)#login
R0G0T2(config-line)#line vty 0 15
R0G0T2(config-line)#password cisco
R0G0T2(config-line)#login
R0G0T2(config-line)#
Ctrl-Shift to exit CLI Mode
Copy Paste

```

```

IOS Command Line Interface

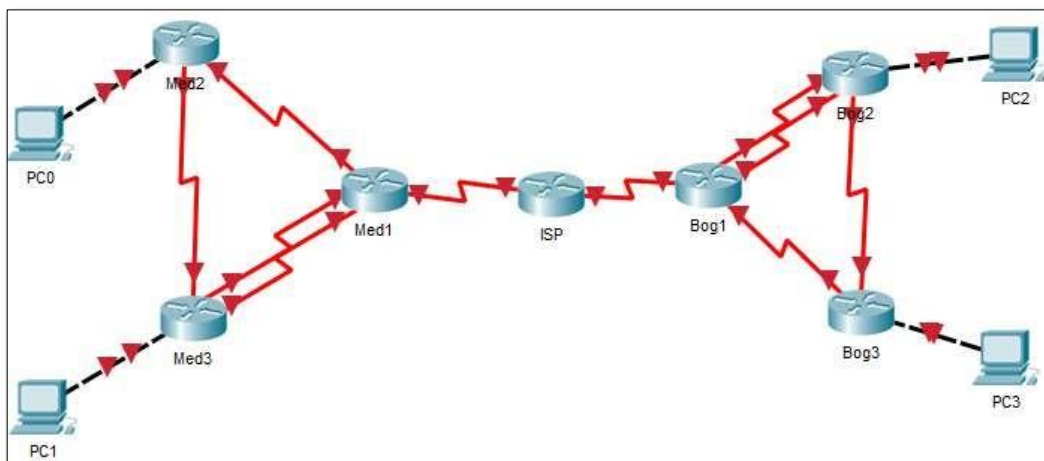
Router>en
Router>conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CTRL/Z.
R0G0T3(config)#hostname R0G0T3
R0G0T3(config)#ip domain-lookup
R0G0T3(config)#service password-encryption
* Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R0G0T3(config)#service password-encryption
R0G0T3(config)#enable secret class
* Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R0G0T3(config)#enable secret class
R0G0T3(config)#line console 0
R0G0T3(config-line)#password cisco
R0G0T3(config-line)#login
R0G0T3(config-line)#line vty 0 15
R0G0T3(config-line)#password cisco
R0G0T3(config-line)#login
R0G0T3(config-line)#
Ctrl-Shift to exit CLI Mode
Copy Paste

```

- Realizar la conexión física de los equipos con base en la topología de red

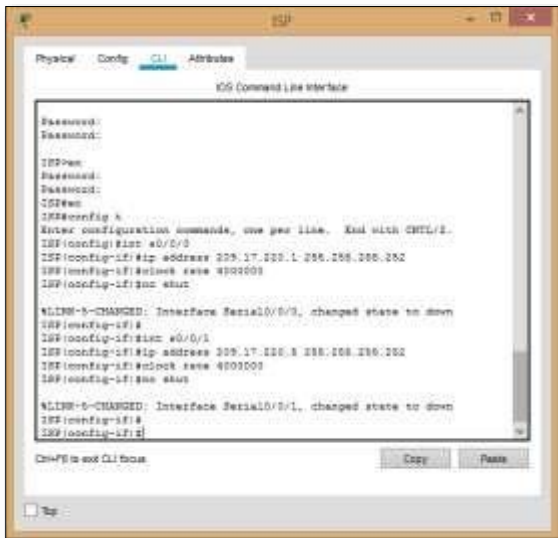


Configurar la topología de red, de acuerdo con las siguientes especificaciones.

## Parte 1: Configuración del enrutamiento

- Configurar el enrutamiento en la red usando el protocolo RIP versión 2, declare la red principal, desactive la sumarización automática.

### Desarrollo



```
ISP#
ISP>
ISP#configure terminal
ISP(config)#
ISP(config)#interface s0/0/0
ISP(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.1 255.255.255.252
ISP(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
ISP(config-if)#
ISP(config-if)#no shutdown
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down
ISP(config-if)#
ISP(config-if)#interface s0/0/1
ISP(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.5 255.255.255.252
ISP(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
ISP(config-if)#
ISP(config-if)#no shutdown
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down
ISP(config-if)#
ISP(config-if)#
```

```
ISP#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
ISP(config)#int s0/0/0
ISP(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.1 255.255.255.252
ISP(config-if)#clock rate 4000000

ISP(config-if)#no shut

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to
down

ISP(config-if)#

ISP(config-if)#int

s0/0/1

ISP(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.5 255.255.255.252

ISP(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
```



```
MEDELLIN1#
MEDELLIN1>
MEDELLIN1#configure terminal
MEDELLIN1(config)#
MEDELLIN1(config)#interface s0/0/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.2 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shutdown
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#interface s0/0/1
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.1 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shutdown
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#interface s0/1/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.9 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shutdown
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#interface s0/1/1
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.13 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shutdown
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#
```

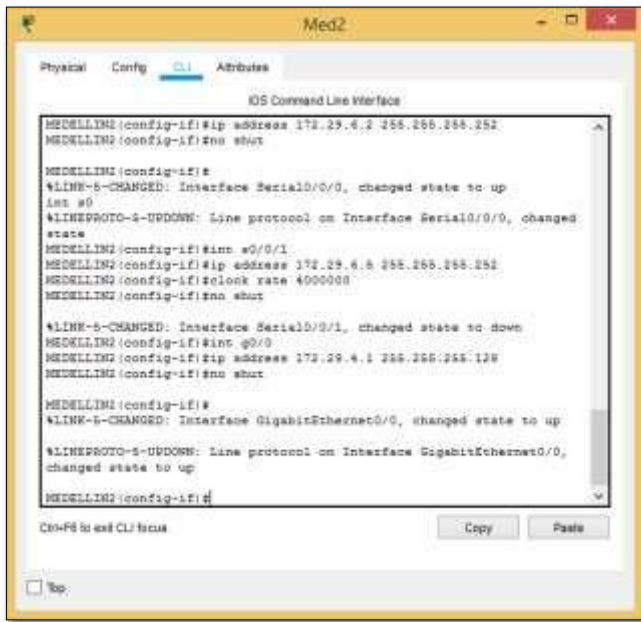
```
MEDELLIN1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN1(config)#int s0/0/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.2 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shut

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#int s0/0/1
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.1 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shutdown
This command applies only to DCE interfaces
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shut

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to up

MEDELLIN1(config-if)#int s0/1/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.9 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shut

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to down
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#int s0/1/1
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.13 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shut
```



```

MEDELLIN2(config-if)#int s0/0/1
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.5
255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#no shut
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state
to down
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#int g0/0
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.4.1
255.255.255.128
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#no shut
  
```

```

MEDELLIN2(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0,
changed state to up
  
```

```

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up
  
```



```

MEDELLIN3#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN3(config)#int s0/0/0
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.10 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#no shut
  
```

```

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up
  
```

```

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#int s0/0/
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/0/0, changed state to up
1
  
```

```

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ints0/0/1
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.14
255.255.255.252 MEDELLIN3(config-if)#no shut
  
```

```

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up
  
```

```

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/0/1, changed state to up
  
```

```

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#int s0/1/0
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.6 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#no shut
  
```

```

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to
  
```

```

BOGOTA1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA1(config)#int s0/0/0
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.6 255.255.255.252
BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shut

```

```

BOGOTA1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

```

```

BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shut
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state
BOGOTA1(config-if)#int s0/0/1
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.9 255.255.255.252
BOGOTA1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shut

```

```

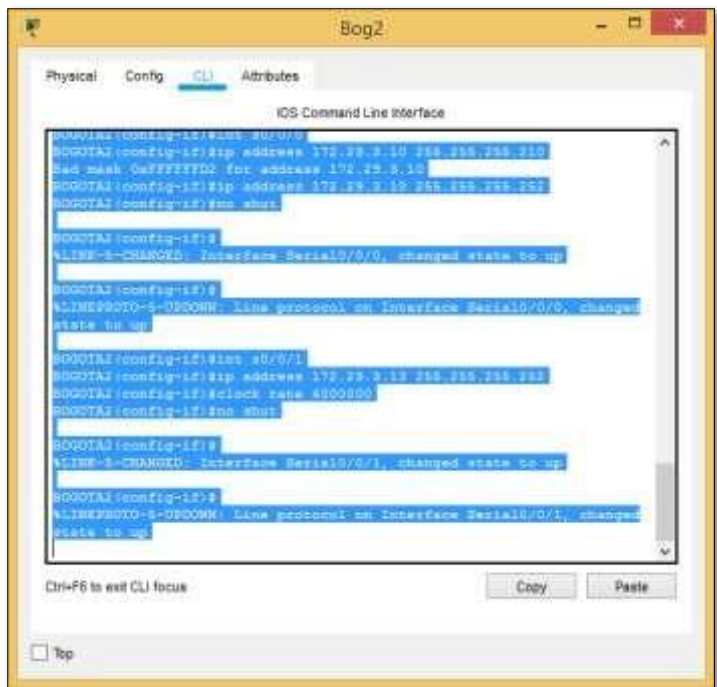
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down

```

```

BOGOTA1(config-if)#int s0/1/0
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.1 255.255.255.252
BOGOTA1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
This command applies only to DCE
interfaces BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shut
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to down
BOGOTA1(config-if)#int s0/1/1
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.5 255.255.255.252
BOGOTA1(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
This command applies only to DCE
interfaces BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shut
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/1, changed state to down
BOGOTA1(config-if)#

```



```

BOGOTA2(config-if)#int s0/0/0
BOGOTA2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.10
255.255.255.210
Bad mask 0xFFFFFD2 for address 172.29.3.10
BOGOTA2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.10
255.255.255.252
BOGOTA2(config-if)#no shut

```

```

BOGOTA2(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0,
changed state to up

```

```

BOGOTA2(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on
Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

```

```

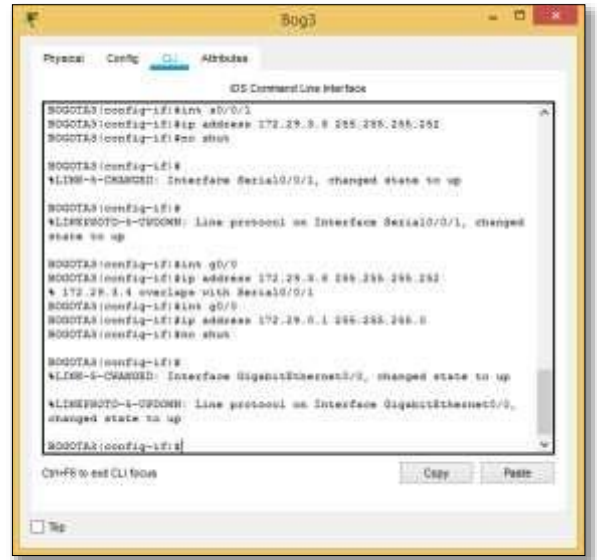
BOGOTA2(config-if)#int s0/0/1
BOGOTA2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.13
255.255.255.252
BOGOTA2(config-if)#clock rate 4000000
BOGOTA2(config-if)#no shut

```

```

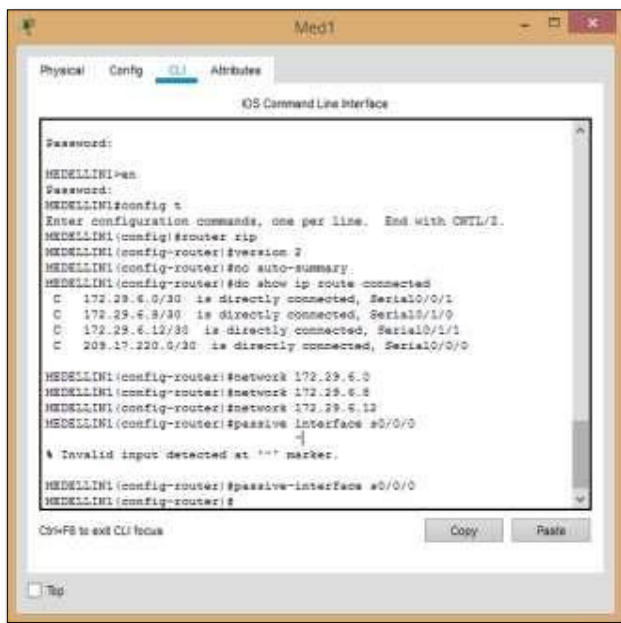
BOGOTA3#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA3(config)#int s0/0/0
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.2 255.255.255.252
BOGOTA3(config-if)#no shut
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down
BOGOTA3(config-if)#int s0/0/1
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.6 255.255.255.252
BOGOTA3(config-if)#no shut
BOGOTA3(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up
BOGOTA3(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1, changed
state to up
BOGOTA3(config-if)#int g0/0
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.6 255.255.255.252
% 172.29.3.4 overlaps with Serial0/0/1
BOGOTA3(config-if)#int g0/0
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.0.1 255.255.255.0
BOGOTA3(config-if)#no shut
BOGOTA3(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0,
changed state to up

```



## CONFIGURACIÓN RIP

### Desarrollo



```

MEDELLIN1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN1(config)#router rip
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#version 2
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#no auto-summary
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.6.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 172.29.6.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.6.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
C 209.17.220.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

MEDELLIN1(config-router)#network 172.29.6.0
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#network 172.29.6.8
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#network 172.29.6.12
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#passive interface s0/0/0
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#passive-interface s0/0/0
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#

MEDELLIN1(config-router)#

```

```

MEDELLIN2>en
Password:
MEDELLIN2#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN2(config)#router rip
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#version 2
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#no auto-summary
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.4.0/25 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 172.29.6.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 172.29.6.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1

```

```

MEDELLIN2(config-router)#network 172.29.4.0
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#network 172.29.6.0
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#network 172.29.6.4
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#

```



```

MEDELLIN3>en
Password:
MEDELLIN3#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN3(config)#router rip
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#version 2
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#no auto-summary
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.4.128/25 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 172.29.6.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.6.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 172.29.6.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1

```

```

MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.4.128
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.6.4
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.6.8
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.6.12
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0

```

```
BOGOTA1(config)#router rip
BOGOTA1(config-router)#version 2
BOGOTA1(config-router)#no auto-summary
BOGOTA1(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.3.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
C 172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.0
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.4
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.8
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 209.17.220.4
BOGOTA1(config-router)#passive-interface s0/0/0
BOGOTA1(config-router)#
```

```
IOS Command Line Interface

User Access Verification

Password:

BOGOTA1>en
Password:
BOGOTA1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA1(config)#router rip
BOGOTA1(config-router)#version 2
BOGOTA1(config-router)#no auto-summary
BOGOTA1(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.3.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
C 172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.0
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.4
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.8
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 209.17.220.4
BOGOTA1(config-router)#passive-interface s0/0/0
BOGOTA1(config-router)#
```

```
IOS Command Line Interface

User Access Verification

Password:

BOGOTA2>en
Password:
BOGOTA2#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA2(config)#router rip
BOGOTA2(config-router)#version 2
BOGOTA2(config-router)#no auto-summary
BOGOTA2(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 172.29.3.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1

BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.1.0
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.3.8
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.3.12
BOGOTA2(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0
BOGOTA2(config-router)#
```

```
BOGOTA2(config)#router rip
BOGOTA2(config-router)#version 2
BOGOTA2(config-router)#no auto-summary
BOGOTA2(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 172.29.3.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
```

```
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.1.0
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.3.8
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.3.12
BOGOTA2(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0
BOGOTA2(config-router)#
```

```

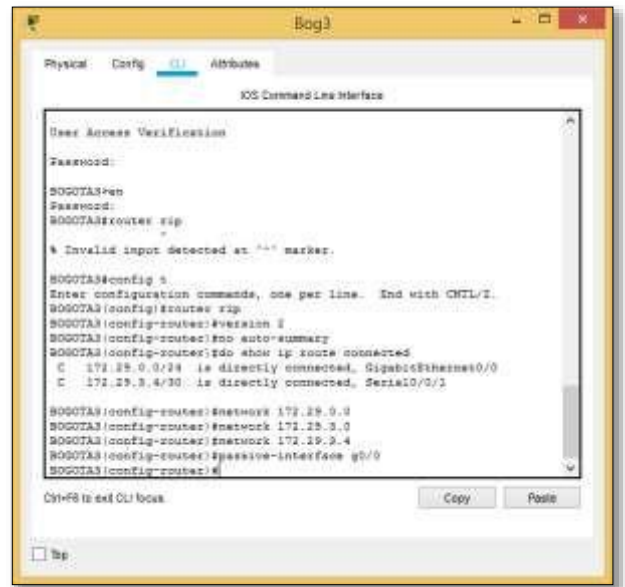
BOGOTA3(config)#router rip
BOGOTA3(config-router)#version 2
BOGOTA3(config-router)#no auto-summary
BOGOTA3(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.0.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1

```

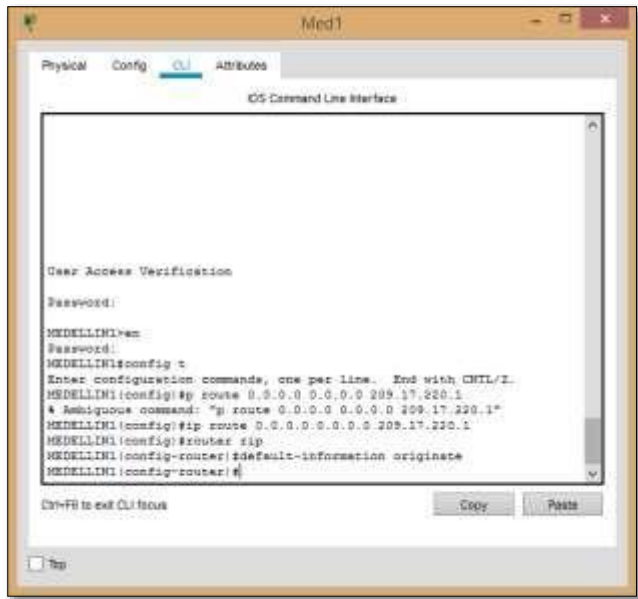
```

BOGOTA3(config-router)#network 172.29.0.0
BOGOTA3(config-router)#network 172.29.3.0
BOGOTA3(config-router)#network 172.29.3.4
BOGOTA3(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0
BOGOTA3(config-router)#

```



- a. Los routers Bogota1 y Medellín deberán añadir a su configuración de enrutamiento una ruta por defecto hacia el ISP y, a su vez, redistribuirla dentro de las publicaciones de RIP.



```

MEDELLIN1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN1(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.17.220.1
MEDELLIN1(config)#router rip
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#default-information originate
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/0/0, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/0/1, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/1/0, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/1/1, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/1/0, changed state to up

```

```

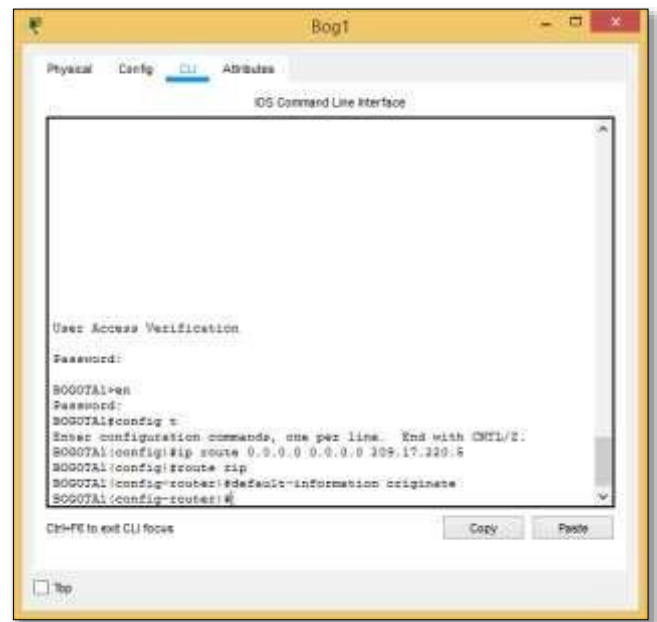
BOGOTA1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA1(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.17.220.5
BOGOTA1(config)#route rip
BOGOTA1(config-router)#default-information originate
BOGOTA1(config-router)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/1/1, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/0/1, changed state to down

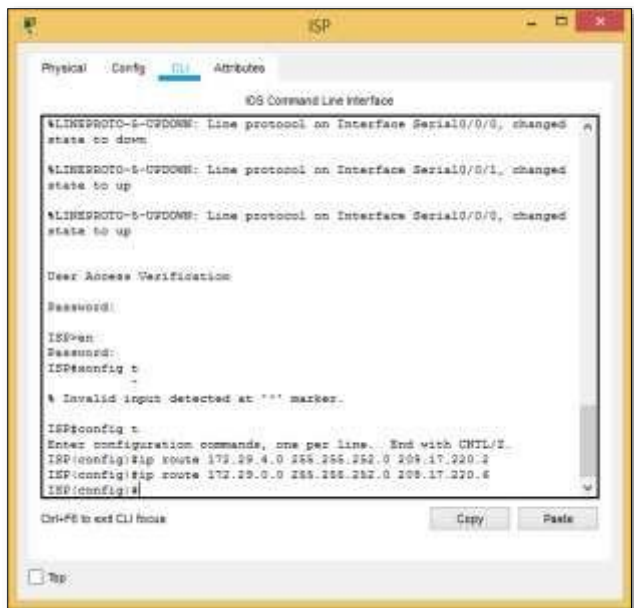
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/0/0, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0/1/0, changed state to down

```



- b. El router ISP deberá tener una ruta estática dirigida hacia cada red interna de Bogotá y Medellín para el caso se sumarizan las subredes de cada uno a /22.



```

ISP#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
ISP(config)#ip route 172.29.4.0 255.255.252.0 209.17.220.2
ISP(config)#ip route 172.29.0.0 255.255.252.0 209.17.220.6
ISP(config)#

```

## Parte 2: Tabla de Enrutamiento.

- a. Verificar la tabla de enrutamiento en cada uno de los routers para comprobar las redes y sus rutas.



```
IOS Command Line Interface
Codes: C - local, L - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS
inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 209.17.220.1 to network 0.0.0.0

R 172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 3 masks
R 172.29.0.0/24 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:19, Serial0/1/1
R 172.29.1.0/24 [120/1] via 172.29.3.10, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/1
C 172.29.3.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
L 172.29.3.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.3.2/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
L 172.29.3.5/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 172.29.3.9/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L 172.29.3.12/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.10, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/1
R 209.17.220.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C 209.17.220.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
```

**BOGOTA 1**



```
IOS Command Line Interface
Codes: C - local, L - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS
inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 209.17.220.1 to network 0.0.0.0

R 172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 3 masks
L 172.29.6.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L 172.29.6.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 172.29.6.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
L 172.29.6.9/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.6.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
L 172.29.6.13/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
R 209.17.220.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C 209.17.220.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L 209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
R* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 209.17.220.1
```

**MEDELLIN 1**

- b. Verificar el balanceo de carga que presentan los routers.

### Balanceo de carga Bogota 3:

### Balanceo de Carga Medellin 3



```
IOS Command Line Interface
Codes: C - local, L - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS
inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 172.29.3.5 to network 0.0.0.0

R 172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 3 masks
C 172.29.0.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L 172.29.0.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
R 172.29.1.0/24 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:21, Serial0/0/1
R 172.29.3.0/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:21, Serial0/0/1
C 172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L 172.29.3.6/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
R 172.29.3.8/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:21, Serial0/0/1
R 172.29.3.12/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:21, Serial0/0/1
R 209.17.220.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
R 209.17.220.4/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:21, Serial0/0/1
R* 0.0.0.0/0 [120/1] via 172.29.3.4, 00:00:21, Serial0/0/1
```



```
IOS Command Line Interface
Codes: C - local, L - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS
inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

R 172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 3 masks
C 172.29.4.128/25 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L 172.29.4.129/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 172.29.6.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
L 172.29.6.6/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.6.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L 172.29.6.10/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 172.29.6.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L 172.29.6.14/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
```

- c. Obsérvese en los routers Bogotá1 y Medellín1 cierta similitud por su ubicación, por tener dos enlaces de conexión hacia otro router y por la ruta por defecto que manejan.
- d. Los routers Medellín2 y Bogotá2 también presentan redes conectadas directamente y recibidas mediante RIP.
- e. Las tablas de los routers restantes deben permitir visualizar rutas redundantes para el caso de la ruta por defecto.
- f. El router ISP solo debe indicar sus rutas estáticas adicionales a las directamente conectadas.

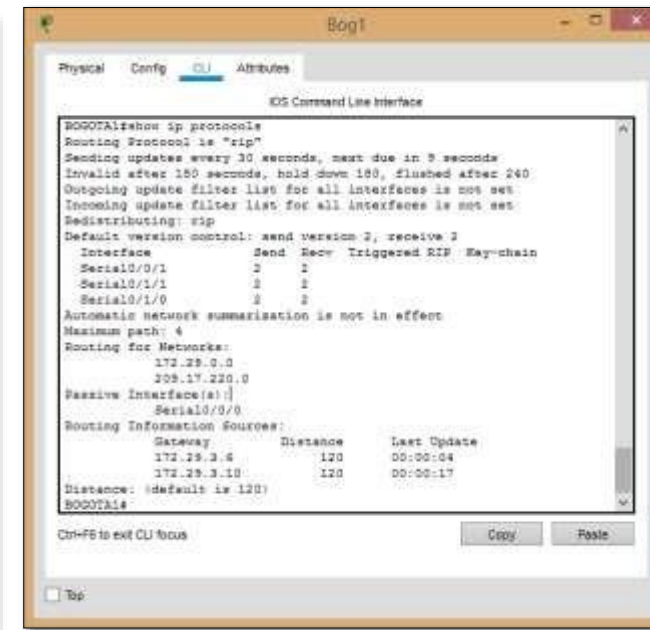
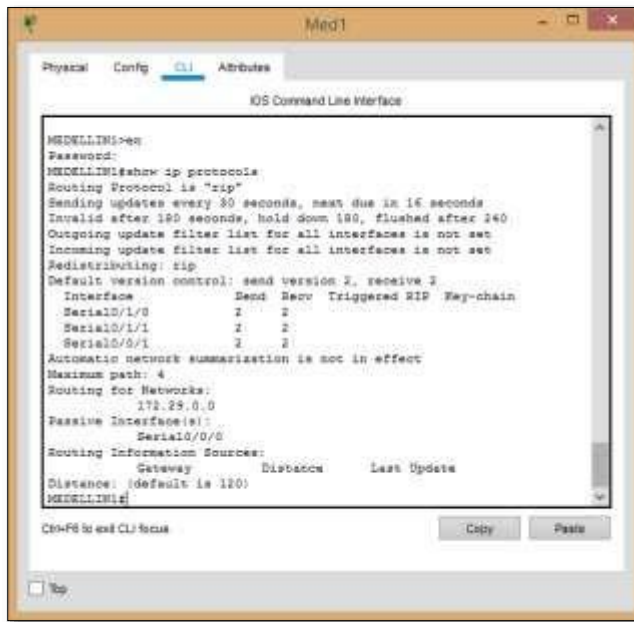
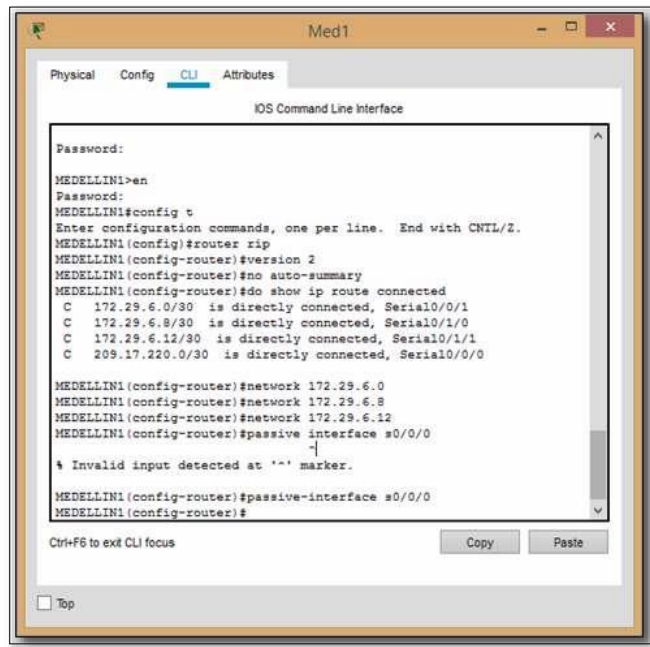
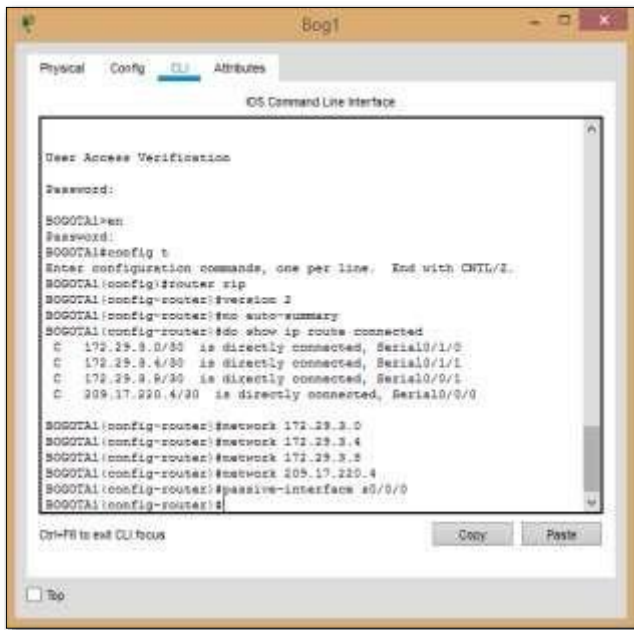
**Desarrollo puntos c,d,e y f**



**Parte 3: Deshabilitar la propagación del protocolo RIP.**

- a. Para no propagar las publicaciones por interfaces que no lo requieran se debe deshabilitar la propagación del protocolo RIP, en la siguiente tabla se indican las interfaces de cada router que no necesitan desactivación.

ROUTER	INTERFAZ
<b>Bogota1</b>	SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0; SERIAL0/1/1
<b>Bogota2</b>	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1
<b>Bogota3</b>	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0
<b>Medellín1</b>	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/1
<b>Medellín2</b>	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1
<b>Medellín3</b>	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0
<b>ISP</b>	No lo requiere



## Parte 4: Verificación del protocolo RIP.

- Verificar y documentar las opciones de enrutamiento configuradas en los routers, como el passive interface para la conexión hacia el ISP, la versión de RIP y las interfaces que participan de la publicación entre otros datos.

```
MEDELLIN1#sh
Password:
MEDELLIN1#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 18 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
  Interface          Send Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
  Serial0/0/1        2      2
  Serial0/0/2        2      2
  Serial0/0/3        2      2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
  172.18.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
  Serial0/0/0
Routing Information Sources:
  Gateway           Distance      Last Update
Distance: (default is 120)
MEDELLIN1#
```

MEDELLIN 1

```
MEDELLIN2#sh
Password:
MEDELLIN2#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 18 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
  Interface          Send Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
  Serial0/0/1        2      2
  Serial0/0/2        2      2
  Serial0/0/3        2      2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
  172.18.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
  Serial0/0/0
Routing Information Sources:
  Gateway           Distance      Last Update
Distance: (default is 120)
MEDELLIN2#
```

MEDELLIN 2

```
MEDELLIN3#sh
Password:
MEDELLIN3#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 18 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
  Interface          Send Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
  Serial0/0/1        2      2
  Serial0/0/2        2      2
  Serial0/0/3        2      2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
  172.18.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
  Serial0/0/0
Routing Information Sources:
  Gateway           Distance      Last Update
Distance: (default is 120)
MEDELLIN3#
```

MEDELLIN 3

```
BOGOTA1#sh
Password:
BOGOTA1#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 1 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
  Interface          Send Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
  Serial0/0/1        2      2
  Serial0/0/2        2      2
  Serial0/0/3        2      2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
  172.18.0.0
  205.17.110.0
Passive Interface(s):
  Serial0/0/0
Routing Information Sources:
  Gateway           Distance      Last Update
-----
172.18.0.0          120           00:00:27
172.18.0.0          120           00:00:18
BOGOTA1#
```

BOGOTA 1

```
BOGOTA2#sh
Password:
BOGOTA2#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 18 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
  Interface          Send Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
  Serial0/0/1        2      2
  Serial0/0/2        2      2
  Serial0/0/3        2      2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
  172.18.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
  Serial0/0/0
Routing Information Sources:
  Gateway           Distance      Last Update
-----
172.18.0.0          120           00:00:01
BOGOTA2#
```

BOGOTA 2

```
BOGOTA3#sh
Password:
BOGOTA3#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 18 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
  Interface          Send Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
  Serial0/0/1        2      2
  Serial0/0/2        2      2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
  172.18.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
  Serial0/0/0
Routing Information Sources:
  Gateway           Distance      Last Update
-----
172.18.0.0          120           00:00:28
BOGOTA3#
```

BOGOTA 3

- b. Verificar y documentar la base de datos de RIP de cada router, donde se informa de manera detallada de todas las rutas hacia cada red.

## MEDELLINI

```
Med1
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
Password:
MEDELLINI>en
Password:
MEDELLINI#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CTRL/Z.
MEDELLINI(config)#router rip
MEDELLINI(config-router)#version 2
MEDELLINI(config-router)#no auto-summary
MEDELLINI(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.6.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 172.29.6.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.6.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
C 209.17.220.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

MEDELLINI(config-router)#network 172.29.6.0
MEDELLINI(config-router)#network 172.29.6.8
MEDELLINI(config-router)#network 172.29.6.12
MEDELLINI(config-router)#passive-interface s0/0/0
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
MEDELLINI(config-router)#passive-interface s0/0/0
MEDELLINI(config-router)#
```

Router(config-router)#do show ip route connected  
C 172.29.6.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1  
C 172.29.6.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0  
C 172.29.6.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1  
C 209.17.220.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

## BOGOTA1

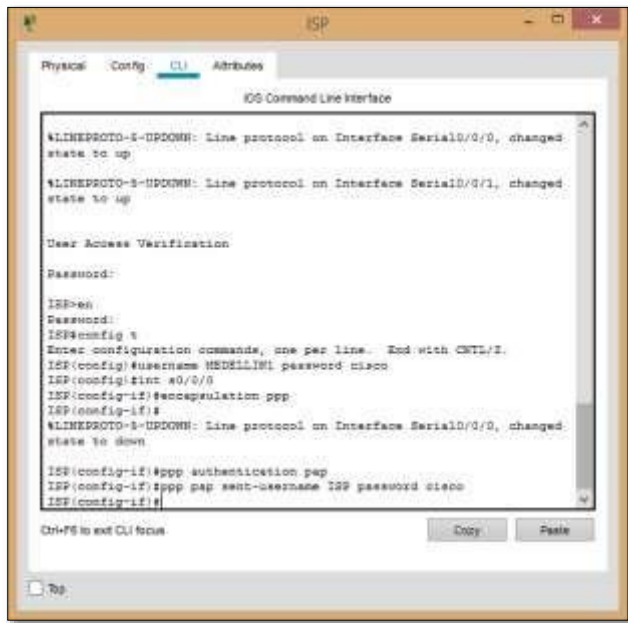
```
Bog1
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
User Access Verification
Password:
BOGOTA1>en
Password:
BOGOTA1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CTRL/Z.
BOGOTA1(config)#router rip
BOGOTA1(config-router)#version 2
BOGOTA1(config-router)#no auto-summary
BOGOTA1(config-router)#do show ip route connected
C 172.29.3.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C 172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
C 172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C 209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.0
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.4
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.8
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 209.17.220.4
BOGOTA1(config-router)#passive-interface s0/0/0
BOGOTA1(config-router)#
```

Router(config-router)#do show ip route connected  
C 172.29.3.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0  
C 172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1  
C 172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1  
C 209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

## Parte 5: Configurar encapsulamiento y autenticación PPP.

Según la topología se requiere que el enlace Medellín1 con ISP sea configurado con autenticación PAT.



```
ISP#config t
ISP(config)#username MEDELLIN1 password cisco
ISP(config)#int s0/0/0
ISP(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
ISP(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0,
changed state to down

ISP(config-if)#ppp authentication pap
ISP(config-if)#ppp pap sent-username ISP password cisco
ISP(config-if)#
```

```
ISP#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
ISP(config)#username MEDELLIN1 password cisco
ISP(config)#int s0/0/0
ISP(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
ISP(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0,
changed state to down

ISP(config-if)#ppp authentication pap
ISP(config-if)#ppp pap sent-username ISP password cisco
ISP(config-if)#
```

a. El enlace Bogotá1 con ISP se debe configurar con autenticación CHAT.



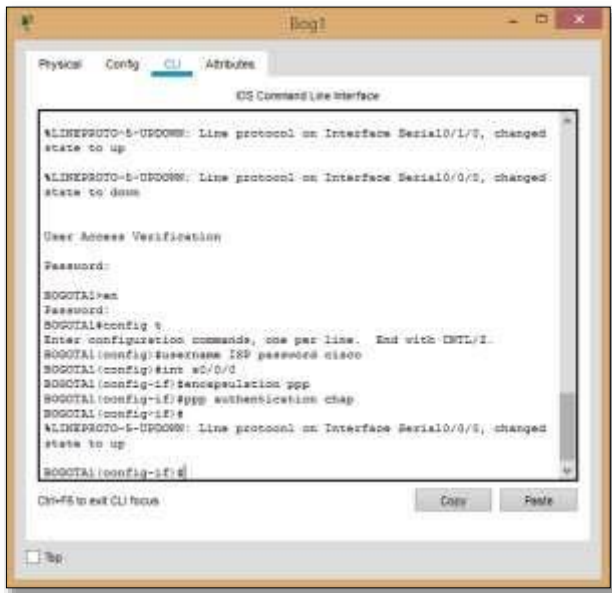
```
ISP#en
Password:
ISP#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
ISP(config)#username MEDELLIN1 password cisco
ISP(config)#int s0/0/0
ISP(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
ISP(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0,
changed state to down

ISP(config-if)#ppp authentication pap
ISP(config-if)#ppp pap sent-username ISP password cisco
ISP(config-if)#exit
ISP(config)#username BOGOTA1 password cisco
ISP(config)#int s0/0/1
ISP(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
ISP(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to down

ISP(config-if)#ppp authentication chap
ISP(config-if)#
```

```
ISP(config)#username BOGOTA1 password cisco
ISP(config)#int s0/0/1
ISP(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
ISP(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to down

ISP(config-if)#ppp authentication chap
ISP(config-if)#
```



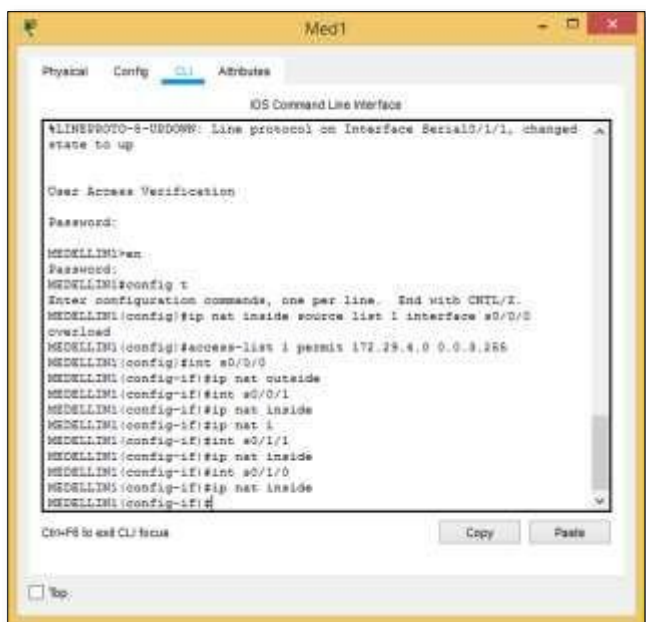
```

BOGOTA1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA1(config)#username ISP password cisco
BOGOTA1(config)#int s0/0/0
BOGOTA1(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ppp authentication chap
BOGOTA1(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0,
changed state to up
BOGOTA1(config-if)#

```

## Parte 6: Configuración de PAT.

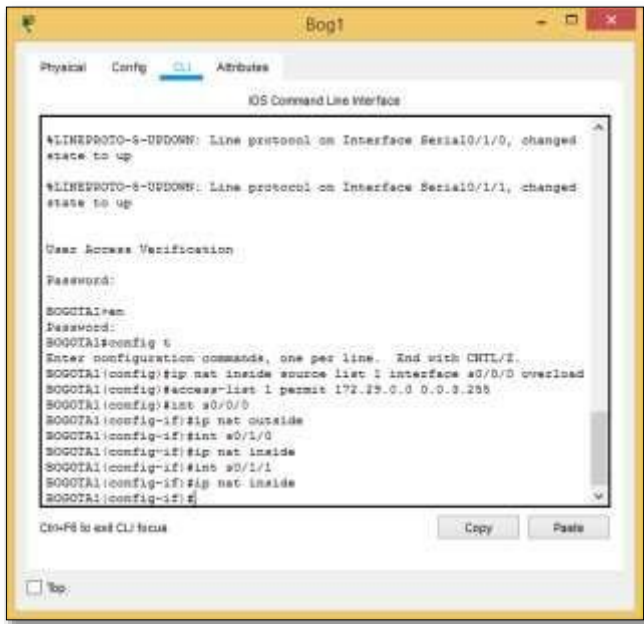
- En la topología, si se activa NAT en cada equipo de salida (Bogotá1 y Medellín1), los routers internos de una ciudad no podrán llegar hasta los routers internos en el otro extremo, sólo existirá comunicación hasta los routers Bogotá1, ISP y Medellín1.
- Después de verificar lo indicado en el paso anterior proceda a configurar el NAT en el router Medellín1. Compruebe que la traducción de direcciones indique las interfaces de entrada y de salida. Al realizar una prueba de ping, la dirección debe ser traducida automáticamente a la dirección de la interfaz serial 0/1/0 del router Medellín1, como diferente puerto.
- Proceda a configurar el NAT en el router Bogotá1. Compruebe que la traducción de direcciones indique las interfaces de entrada y de salida. Al realizar una prueba de ping, la dirección debe ser traducida automáticamente a la dirección de la interfaz serial 0/1/0 del router Bogotá1, como diferente puerto.



```

MEDELLIN1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN1(config)#ip nat inside source list 1 interface s0/0/0
overload
MEDELLIN1(config)#access-list 1 permit 172.29.4.0 0.0.3.255
MEDELLIN1(config)#int s0/0/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat outside
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#int s0/0/1
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat inside
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat i
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#int s0/1/1
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat inside
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#int s0/1/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat inside
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#

```



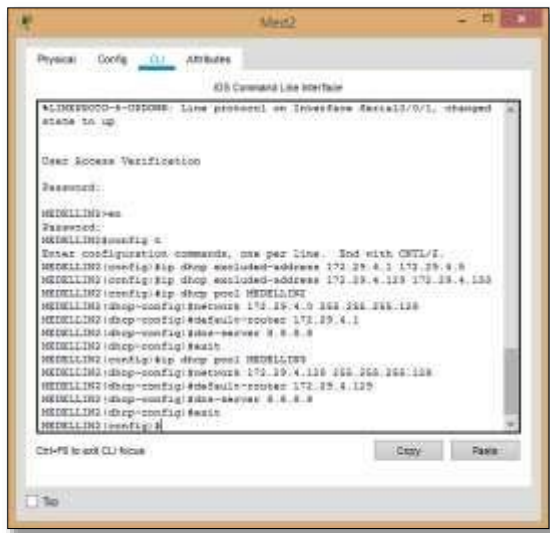
```

BOGOTA1#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA1(config)#ip nat inside source list 1 interface s0/0/0
overload
BOGOTA1(config)#access-list 1 permit 172.29.0.0 0.0.3.255
BOGOTA1(config)#int s0/0/0
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip nat outside
BOGOTA1(config-if)#int s0/1/0
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip nat inside
BOGOTA1(config-if)#int s0/1/1
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip nat inside
BOGOTA1(config-if)#

```

## Parte 7: Configuración del servicio DHCP.

- Configurar la red Medellín2 y Medellín3 donde el router Medellín 2 debe ser el servidor DHCP para ambas redes Lan.
- El router Medellín3 deberá habilitar el paso de los mensajes broadcast hacia la IP del router Medellín2.

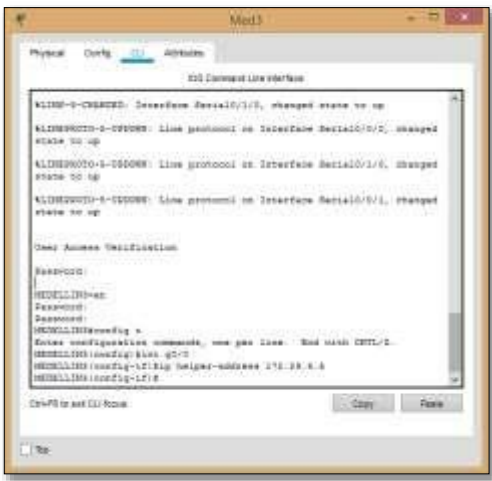


```

MEDELLIN2#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.4.1 172.29.4.5
MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.4.129
172.29.4.133
MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp pool MEDELLIN2
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#network 172.29.4.0 255.255.255.128
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.4.1
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#exit
MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp pool MEDELLIN3
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#network 172.29.4.128 255.255.255.128
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.4.129
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#exit
MEDELLIN2(config)#

```

Continuamos configurando el DHCP, como el router MEDELLIN tiene una red LAN conectada pero no realizara las veces de servidor DHCP, es necesario configurar “ip helper” el cual permitirá ser un router de tránsito para llegar al router con el rol de DHCP. Por lo anterior utilizamos el comando ip helper- adres para atrapar los broadcasts y redireccionarlos hacia la ip del router de MEDELLIN2:



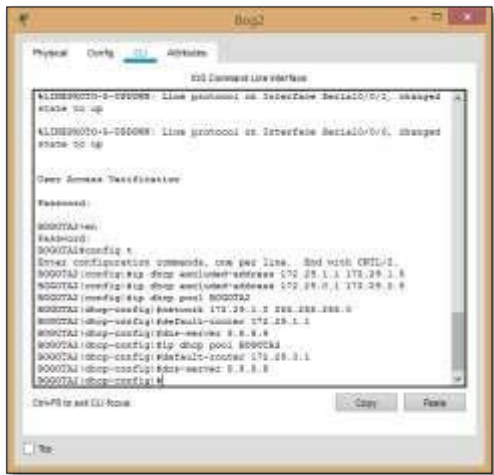
```

MEDELLIN3#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
MEDELLIN3(config)#int g0/0
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip helper-address 172.29.6.5
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#

```

El comando **ip helper-address** configurado en las interfaces de Rx hace que este reenvíe las peticiones DHCP (y por defecto otros protocolos más) hacia la IP del servidor DHCP.

- c. Configurar la red Bogotá2 y Bogotá3 donde el router Medellín2 debe ser el servidor DHCP para ambas redes Lan.
- d. Configure el router Bogotá1 para que habilite el paso de los mensajes Broadcast hacia la IP del router Bogotá2.



```

BOGOTA2#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.1.1 172.29.1.5
BOGOTA2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.0.1 172.29.0.5
BOGOTA2(config)#ip dhcp pool BOGOTA2
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#network 172.29.1.0 255.255.255.0
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.1.1
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#ip dhcp pool BOGOTA3
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.0.1
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#

```



```

BOGOTA3#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
BOGOTA3(config)#int g0/0
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip helper-address 172.29.3.13
BOGOTA3(config-if)#

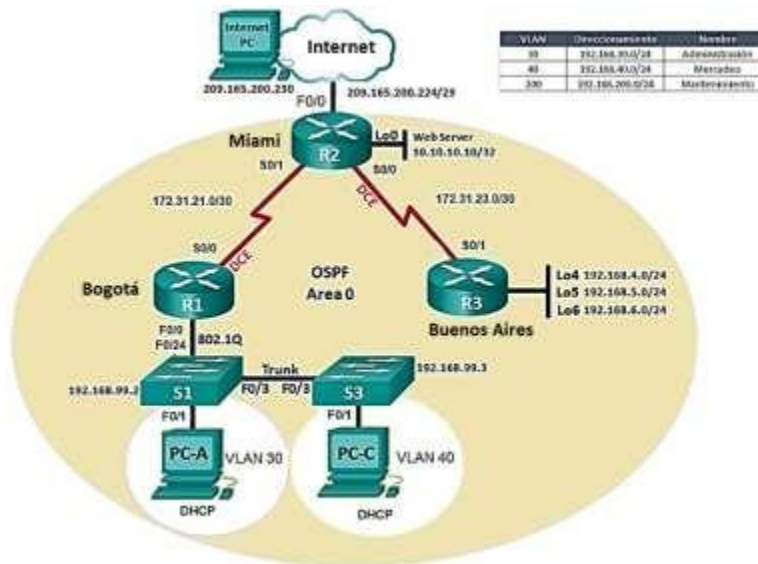
```

## Escenario 2

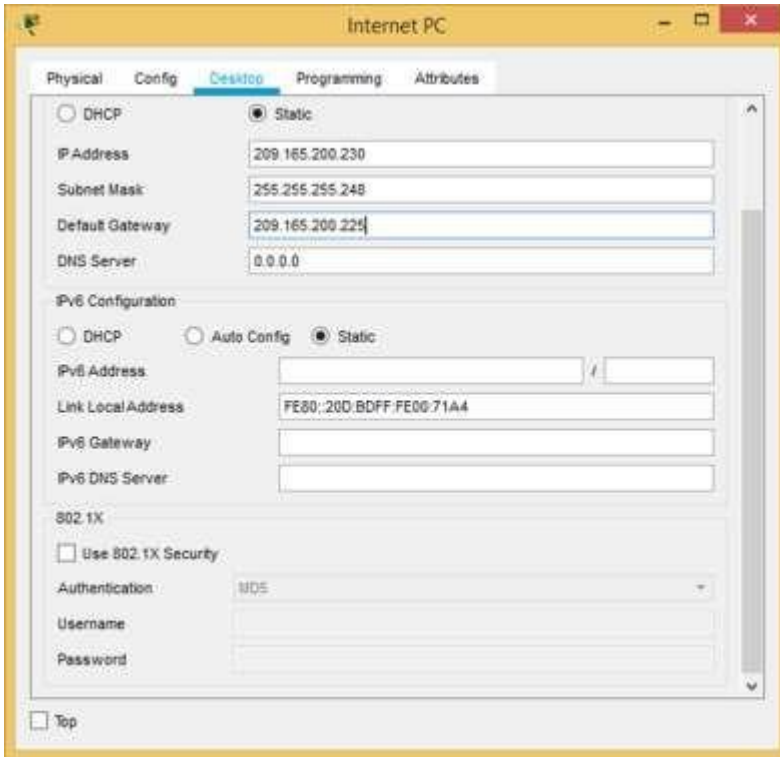
**Escenario:** Una empresa de Tecnología posee tres sucursales distribuidas en las ciudades de Miami, Bogotá y Buenos Aires, en donde el estudiante será el administrador de la red, el cual deberá configurar e interconectar entre sí cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario, acorde con los lineamientos establecidos para el direccionamiento IP, protocolos de enrutamiento y demás aspectos que forman parte de la topología de red.

### Direccionamiento IP

1. Configurar el direccionamiento IP acorde con la topología de red para cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario



Dispositivo	Interface	Dirección IP	Mascara de Subred	Puerta de enlace predeterminada
R1	G0/0	192.168.99.1	255.255.255.0	
	S0/0/0	172.31.21.1	255.255.255.252	
R2	S0/1/0	172.31.21.2	255.255.255.252	
	S0/1/1	172.31.23.1	255.255.255.252	
	G0/1	10.10.10.10	255.255.255.255	
R3	S0/1/0	172.32.23.2	255.255.255.252	
	Lo4	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.255	
	Lo5	192.168.5.1	255.255.255.255	
	Lo6	192.168.6.1	255.255.255.255	
PC-A	NIC	DHCP	DCHP	DHCP
PC-B	NIC	DHCP	DHCP	DHC
PC Internet	NIC	209.165.200.230	255.255.255.248	209.168.200.225



Para la conexión por medio de consola se debe de agregar módulos de puertos Seriales a los Router para cumplir con la configuración.

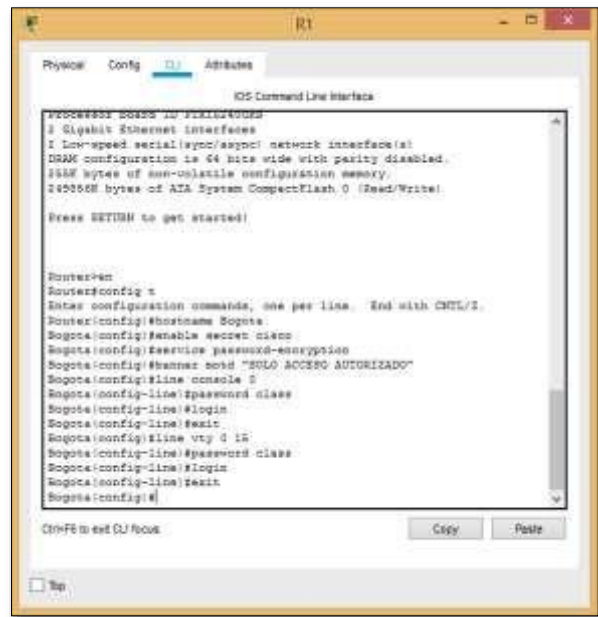
• **Configuración de Router 1: Router Bogotá.**

```

Router>en
Router#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with
CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#hostname Bogota
Bogota(config)#enable secret cisco
Bogota(config)#service password-encryption
Bogota(config)#banner motd "SOLO ACCESO
AUTORIZADO"
Bogota(config)#line console 0
Bogota(config-line)#password class
Bogota(config-line)#login
Bogota(config-line)#exit
Bogota(config)#line vty 0 15
Bogota(config-line)#password class
Bogota(config-line)#login
Bogota(config-line)#exit
Bogota(config)#

```

Configuración del nombre, seguridad, y mensaje de seguridad de router cisco.





## Web Server:



```
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface

Password:
Miami#en
Password:
Miami#
Miami#config t
* Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Miami#en
Miami#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#interface loopback 0
Miami(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0,
changed state to up
Miami(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.10 255.255.255.255
Miami(config-if)#description Conexion a Web server
Miami(config-if)#
Miami(config-if)#
```

Miami(config)#interface loopback 0

Miami(config-if)#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0,  
changed state to up

Miami(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.10 255.255.255.255

Miami(config-if)#description Conexion a Web server

Miami(config-if)#

Miami(config-if)#

## Configuración de la interface S0/0/0



```
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface

Miami#config t
* Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Miami#en
Miami#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#interface loopback 0
Miami(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed
state to up
Miami(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.10 255.255.255.255
Miami(config-if)#description Conexion a Web server
Miami(config-if)#
Miami(config-if)#exit
Miami(config)#interface s0/0/0
Miami(config-if)#ip address 172.32.23.2 255.255.255.252
Miami(config-if)#no shutdown
Miami(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down
Miami(config-if)#
```

Miami(config-if)#exit

Miami(config)#interface s0/0/0

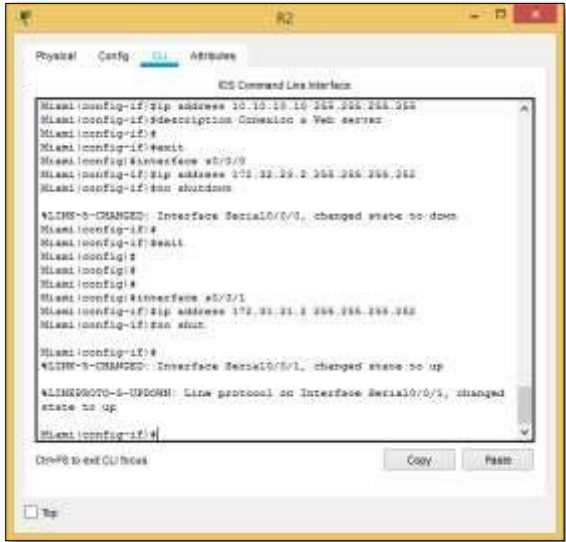
Miami(config-if)#ip address 172.32.23.2 255.255.255.252

Miami(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down

Miami(config-if)#

## Configuración de la interface S0/0/1



```
Router2>config
Router2(config)#interface s0/0/1
Router2(config-if)#ip address 172.31.21.2 255.255.255.252
Router2(config-if)#no shut
Router2(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down
Router2(config-if)#
Router2(config-if)#interface s0/0/1
Router2(config-if)#ip address 172.31.21.2 255.255.255.252
Router2(config-if)#no shut
Router2(config-if)#
Router2(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up
Router2(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up
Router2(config-if)#
```

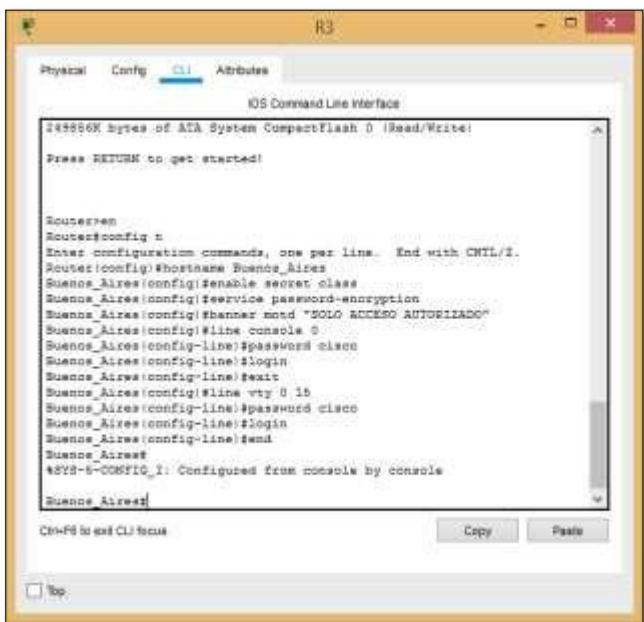
```
Miami(config)#interface s0/0/1
Miami(config-if)#ip address 172.31.21.2 255.255.255.252
Miami(config-if)#no shut
```

```
Miami(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to up

Miami(config-if)#
```

## Configuración del Router 3

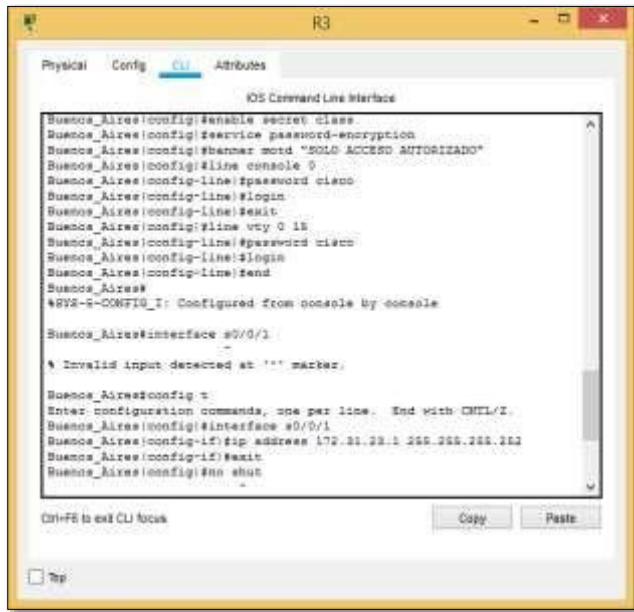


```
Router3>en
Router3#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router3(config)#hostname Buenos_Aires
Buenos_Aires(config)#enable secret class
Buenos_Aires(config)#service password-encryption
Buenos_Aires(config)#banner motd "SOLO ACCESO AUTORIZADO"
Buenos_Aires(config)#line console 0
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#password cisco
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#login
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#line vty 0 15
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#password cisco
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#login
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#end
Buenos_Aires#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Buenos_Aires#
```

```
Router>en
Router#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#hostname Buenos_Aires
Buenos_Aires(config)#enable secret class
Buenos_Aires(config)#service password-encryption
Buenos_Aires(config)#banner motd "SOLO ACCESO AUTORIZADO"
Buenos_Aires(config)#line console 0
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#password cisco
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#login
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#line vty 0 15
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#password cisco
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#login
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#end
Buenos_Aires#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Buenos_Aires#
```

## Direccionamiento IP R3

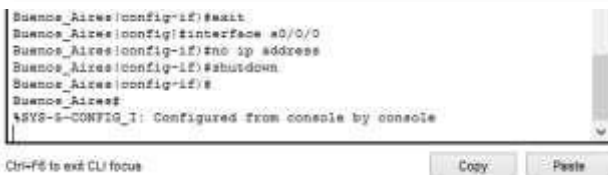


```
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
Buenos_Aires(config)#enable secret class
Buenos_Aires(config)#service password-encryption
Buenos_Aires(config)#banner motd "BOLD ACCESS AUTORIZADO"
Buenos_Aires(config)#line console 0
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#password class
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#login
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#line vty 0 15
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#password class
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#login
Buenos_Aires(config-line)#end
Buenos_Aires#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Buenos_Aires#interface s0/0/1
-
% Invalid input detected at '' marker.

Buenos_Aires#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CTRL/Z.
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface s0/0/1
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 172.31.23.1 255.255.255.252
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#no shut
```

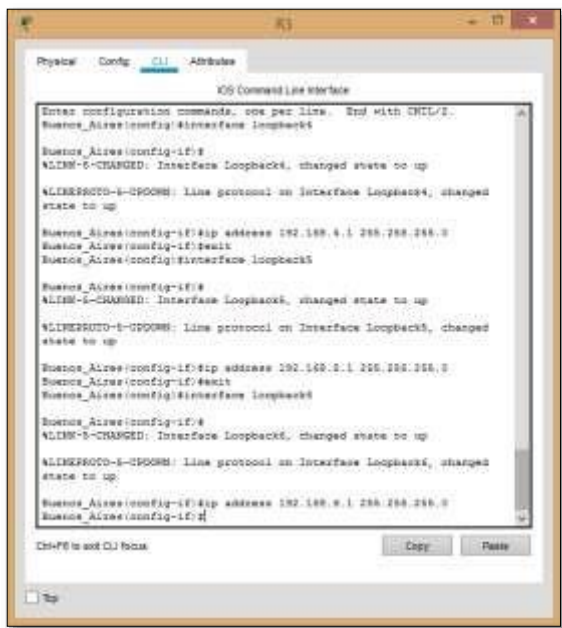
```
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface s0/0/1
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 172.31.23.1 255.255.255.252
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#no shut
```



```
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface s0/0/0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#no ip address
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#shutdown
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
Buenos_Aires#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

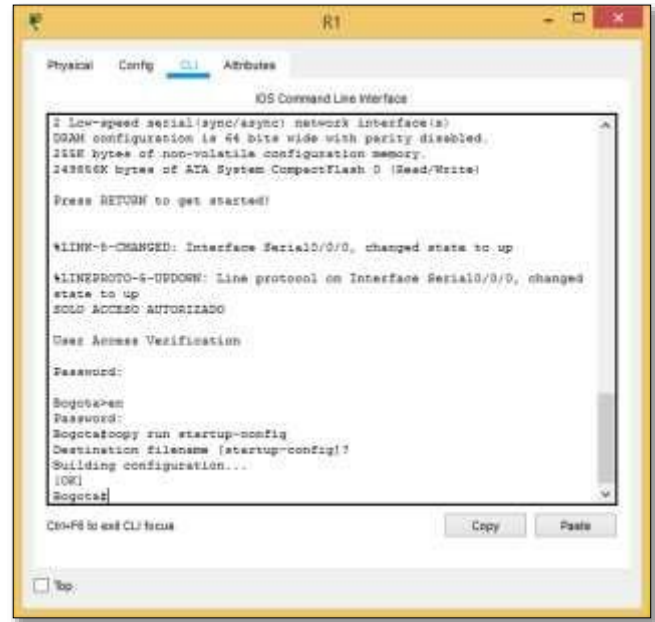
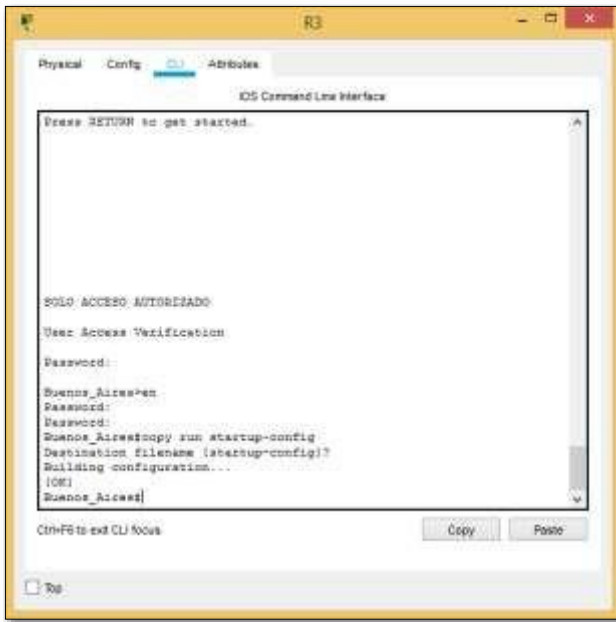
Buenos_Aires#
```

```
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface s0/0/0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#no ip address
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#shutdown
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
Buenos_Aires#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

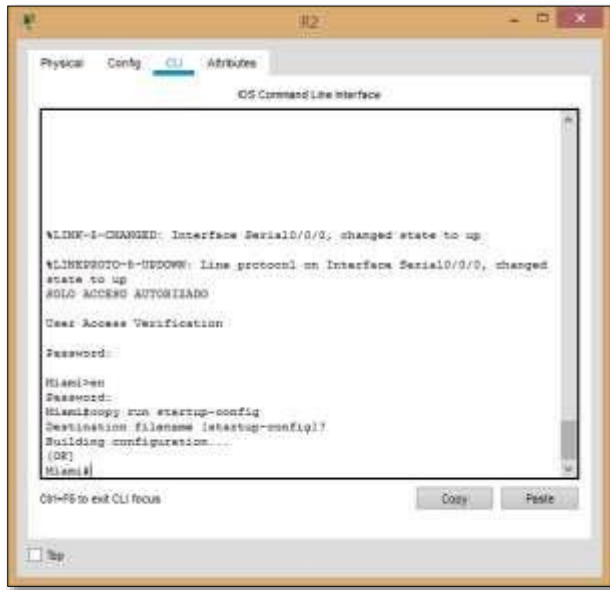


```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CTRL/Z.
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface loopback4
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback4, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback4,
changed state to up
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 192.168.4.1 255.255.255.0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface loopback5
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback5, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback5,
changed state to up
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface loopback6
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback6, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback6,
changed state to up
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 192.168.6.1 255.255.255.0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
```

```
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface loopback4
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback4, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback4,
changed state to up
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 192.168.4.1 255.255.255.0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface loopback5
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback5, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback5,
changed state to up
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#exit
Buenos_Aires(config)#interface loopback6
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback6, changed state to up
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#ip address 192.168.6.1 255.255.255.0
Buenos_Aires(config-if)#
```



**Se guardar En Vram la configuración**



User Access Verification

Password:

Miami>en

Password:

Miami#copy run startup-config

Destination filename [startup-config]?

Building configuration...

[OK]

Miami#

**Enrutamiento OSPFv2**

**2. Configurar el protocolo de enrutamiento OSPFv2 bajo los siguientes criterios:**

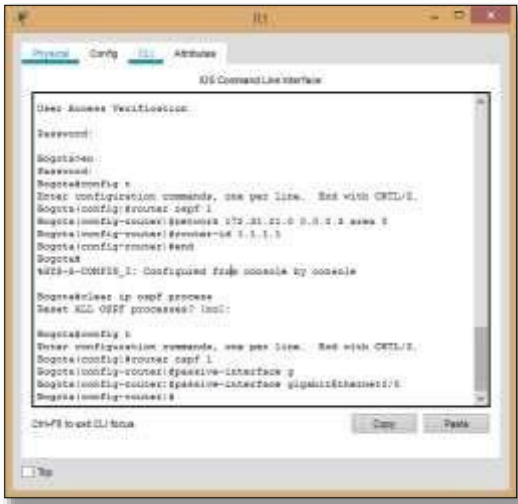
**OSPFv2 area 0**

Configuration Item or Task	Specification
Router ID R1	1.1.1.1
Router ID R2	5.5.5.5

Router ID R3	8.8.8.8
Configurar todas las interfaces LAN como pasivas	
Establecer el ancho de banda para enlaces seriales en	256 Kb/s
Ajustar el costo en la métrica de S0/0 a	9500

## Verificar información de OSPF

### OSPF 1 Router 1 y Configuración pasiva de la LAN

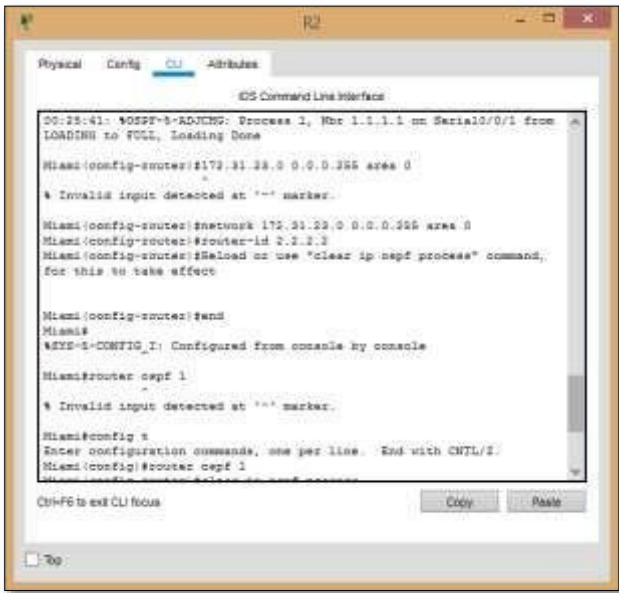


```
Bogota(config)#router ospf 1
Bogota(config-router)#network 172.31.21.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
Bogota(config-router)#router-id 1.1.1.1
Bogota(config-router)#end
Bogota#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

```
Bogota#clear ip ospf process
Reset ALL OSPF processes? [no]:
```

```
Bogota#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Bogota(config)#router ospf 1
Bogota(config-router)#passive-interface g
Bogota(config-router)#passive-interface gigabitEthernet0/0
Bogota(config-router)#
```

### OSPF 1 Router 2 y Configuración pasiva de la LAN



```
Miami(config)#router ospf 1
Miami(config-router)#network 172.31.21.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Miami(config-router)#
00:25:41: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 1.1.1.1 on Serial0/0/1
from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
```

```
Miami(config-router)#network 172.31.23.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Miami(config-router)#router-id 2.2.2.2
Miami(config-router)#Reload or use "clear ip ospf process"
command, for this to take effect
```

```
Miami(config-router)#end
Miami#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

```
Miami#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
```

```
Miami(config)#router ospf 1
Miami(config-router)#passive-interface g
Miami(config-router)#passive-interface gigabitEthernet0/0
```

### Ancho de banda de enlace serial de 128 Kb/S

```

R2>
R2#class ip ospf process
Reset ALL OSPF processes? [no]:

R2#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config)#router ospf 1
R2(config-router)#passive-interface g
R2(config-router)#passive-interface gigabitEthernet0/0
R2(config-router)#
R2#
*SYS-5-CONFIG_1: Configured from console by console

R2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config)#interface s/0/0/0
^ Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R2(config)#interface s
R2(config)#interface serial0/0/0
R2(config-if)#bandwidth 128
R2(config-if)#

```

```

Miami#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#interface s
Miami(config-if)#interface serial0/0/0
Miami(config-if)#bandwidth 128
Miami(config-if)#

```

```

R2(config)#int s
R2(config)#int serial0/0/0
R2(config-if)#ip ospf cost 7500
R2(config-if)#

```

```

Miami(config)#int s
Miami(config)#int serial0/0/0
Miami(config-if)#ip ospf cost 7500
Miami(config-if)#

```

**Router 3 Buenos Aires.**

**Visualización tablas de enrutamiento**

**Visualización de tablas de enrutamiento y routers conectados por OSPFv2**

Visualizar tablas de enrutamiento y routers conectados por OSPFv2

```

R3>
R3#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R3(config)#router ospf 1
R3(config-router)#network 172.32.23.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
R3(config-router)#router-id 3.3.3.3
R3(config-router)#reload or use "clear ip ospf process"
command. for this to take effect
R3(config-router)#passive-interface gigabitEthernet0/0
R3(config-router)#
R3#
*LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down

*LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to down

*LINK-3-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up

*LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to up

R3#

```

```

Buenos_Aires(config)#router ospf 1
Buenos_Aires(config-router)#network 172.32.23.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Buenos_Aires(config-router)#router-id 3.3.3.3
Buenos_Aires(config-router)#Reload or use "clear ip ospf
process" command, for this to take effect
Buenos_Aires(config-router)#passive-interface gigabitEthernet0/0
%LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to down

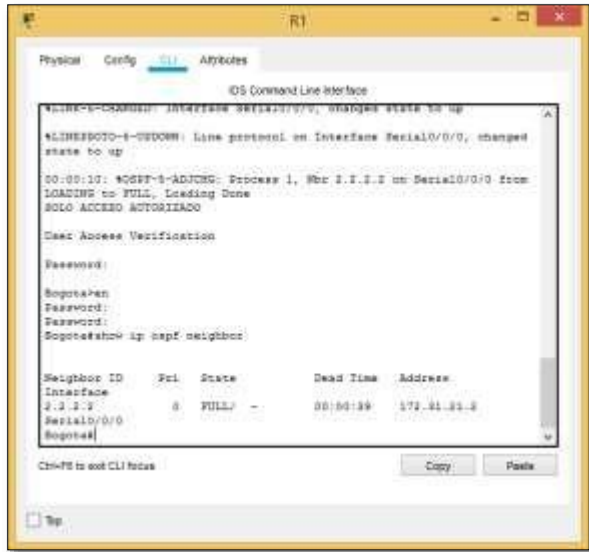
%LINK-3-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,
changed state to up

Buenos_Aires(config-router)#

```

## Router 1 Bogota:



```
Physical  Config  CLI  Altbases
IOS Command Line Interface
*LINE-0-CREATED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up
*LINEBOTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed
state to up
00:00:33: *OSPF-0-ADJCHG: Process 1, Wtr 2.2.2.2 on Serial0/0/0 from
LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
SOLO ACCESO AUTORIZADO
User Access Verification
Password:
Bogota#en
Password:
Bogota#show ip ospf neighbor
Neighbor ID Pri State Dead Time Address
Interface
2.2.2.2 0 FULL/ - 00:00:39 172.31.21.2 Serial0/0/0
Bogota#
```

```
Bogota>en
Password:
Bogota#show ip ospf neighbor
```

```
Neighbor ID Pri State Dead Time Address Interface
2.2.2.2 0 FULL/ - 00:00:39 172.31.21.2 Serial0/0/0
```

*Tabla de enrutamiento y router conectados por OSPF v2*

## Router 2 Miami

### Visualización de lista resumida

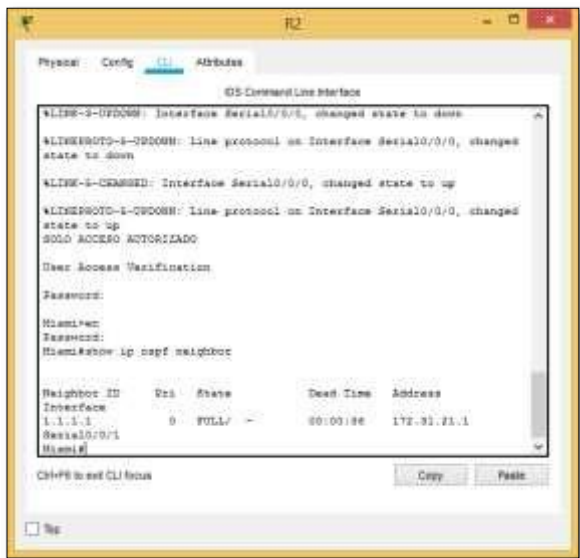
Visualizar lista resumida de interfaces por OSPF en donde se ilustre el costo de cada interface

### Visualizar el OSPF

- Visualizar el OSPF Process ID, Router ID, Address summarizations, Routing Networks, and passive interfaces configuradas en cada router.

### Configuración de VLAN's

3. Configurar VLANs, Puertos troncales, puertos de acceso, encapsulamiento, Inter-VLAN Routing y Seguridad en los Switches acorde a la topología de red establecida.



```
Physical  Config  CLI  Altbases
IOS Command Line Interface
*LINE-0-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down
*LINEBOTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed
state to down
*LINE-0-CREATED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up
*LINEBOTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed
state to up
SOLO ACCESO AUTORIZADO
User Access Verification
Password:
Miami#en
Password:
Miami#show ip ospf neighbor
Neighbor ID Pri State Dead Time Address
Interface
1.1.1.1 0 FULL/ - 00:00:36 172.31.21.1 Serial0/0/1
Miami#
```

User Access Verification

Password:

```
Miami>en
Password:
Miami#show ip ospf neighbor
```

```
Neighbor ID Pri State Dead Time Address Interface
1.1.1.1 0 FULL/ - 00:00:36 172.31.21.1 Serial0/0/1
```

```

Switch#show int fa0/24
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2,
changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1,
changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1,
changed state to up

Switch#conf t
Switch#
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Switch#en
Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#vlan 30
Switch(config-vlan)#name Administracion
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#vlan 40
Switch(config-vlan)#name Mercadeo
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#vlan 200
Switch(config-vlan)#name Mantenimiento
Switch(config-vlan)#

```

```

Switch>en
Switch#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#vlan 30
Switch(config-vlan)#name Administracion
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#vlan 40
Switch(config-vlan)#name Mercadeo
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#vlan 200
Switch(config-vlan)#name Mantenimiento
Switch(config-vlan)#

```

**Creación de Vlan 30, 40, 50**

```

Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#vlan 30
Switch(config-vlan)#name Administracion
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#vlan 40
Switch(config-vlan)#name Mercadeo
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#vlan 200
Switch(config-vlan)#name Mantenimiento
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#int f0
Switch(config)#int fastEthernet0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

Switch(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1,
changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1,
changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#

```

```

Switch(config)#int fastEthernet0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

Switch(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1,
changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1,
changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan
1 Switch(config-if)#

```

```

Press RETURN to get started.

Switch#en
Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#int f
Switch(config)#int fastEthernet0/24
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#

```

```

Switch#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#int f
Switch(config)#int fastEthernet0/24
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan
1 Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#

```

```

Switch>en
Switch#conf t
Switch(config)#int f
Switch(config)#int fastEthernet0/24
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4-24,g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if-range)#exit
Switch(config)#int f0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/2, fa0/4-24,g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#shutdown
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to
administratively down
Ctrl-P to exit CLI mode

```

```

Switch(config)#int f
Switch(config)#int fastEthernet0/24
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4-24,g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if-range)#exit
Switch(config)#int f0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/2, fa0/4-24,g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#shutdown

```

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to administratively down

```

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/21, changed state to
administratively down
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/22, changed state to
administratively down
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/23, changed state to
administratively down
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/24, changed state to
administratively down
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to
administratively down
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to
administratively down
Switch(config-if-range)#exit
Switch(config)#int vlan 200
Switch(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan200, changed state to up
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#

```

```

Switch(config)#int vlan 200
Switch(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan200, changed state to up

```

```

Switch#conf t
Switch(config)#ip address 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.3 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#ip default-gateway 192.168.99.1
Switch(config)#int f0/3
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4-24, g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if-range)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan200, changed state to up
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#ip default-gateway 192.168.99.1
Switch(config)#int f0/3
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4-24, g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if-range)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan200, changed state to up
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4-24, g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if-range)#

```

```
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0
```

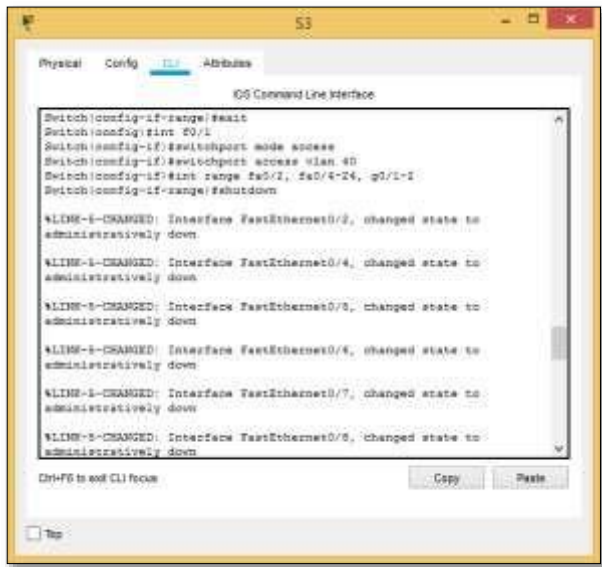
```
Switch(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan200, changed state to up
```

```
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.3 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#ip default-gateway 192.168.99.1
Switch(config)#int f0/3
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
```

```
Switch(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
FastEthernet0/3, changed state to down
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan200,
changed state to up
```

```
Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4-24, g0/1-2
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
```



```
Switch(config)#int f0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 40
Switch(config-if)#int range fa0/2, fa0/4-24, g0/1-1
Switch(config-if-range)#shutdown

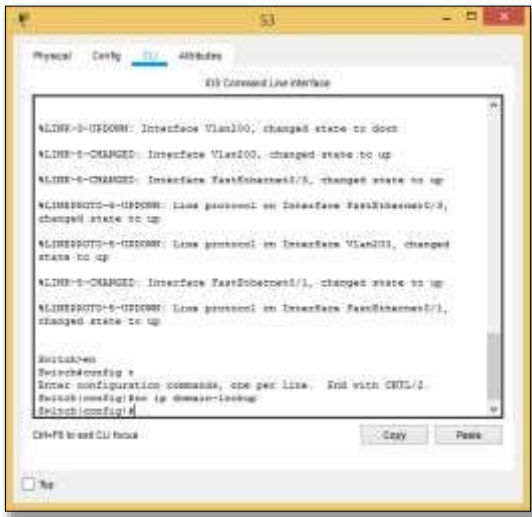
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to
administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to
administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/5, changed state to
administratively down
```

## Deshabilitar dns Lookup

- En el Switch 3 deshabilitar DNS lookup



```
Switch>en
Switch#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#no ip domain-lookup
Switch(config)#
```

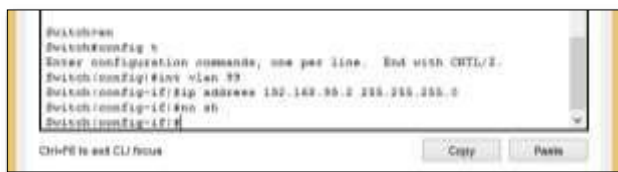
### S3 sin DNS Lookup

## Asignación de direcciones IP a los Switches acorde a los lineamientos.

- Asignar direcciones IP a los Switches acorde a los lineamientos.

### Direccionamiento IP en Switches

SI

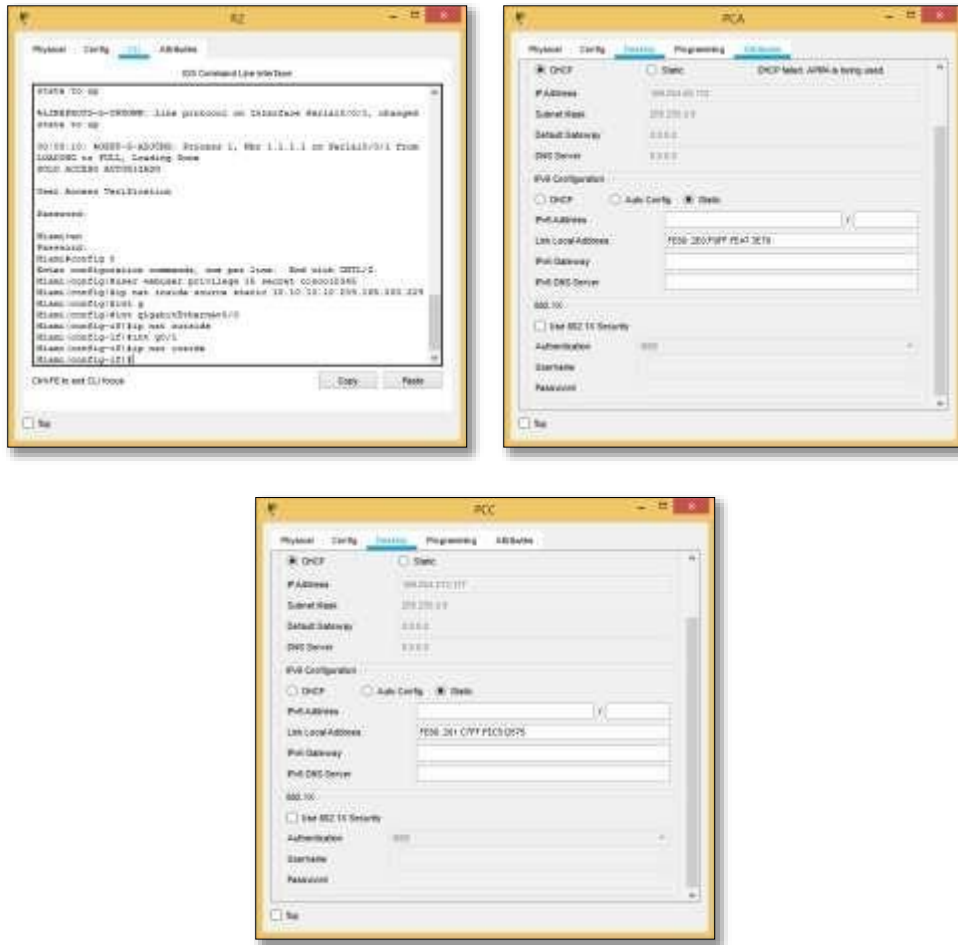


```
Switch#en
Switch#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#vlan 99
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#no sh
Switch(config-if)#
```



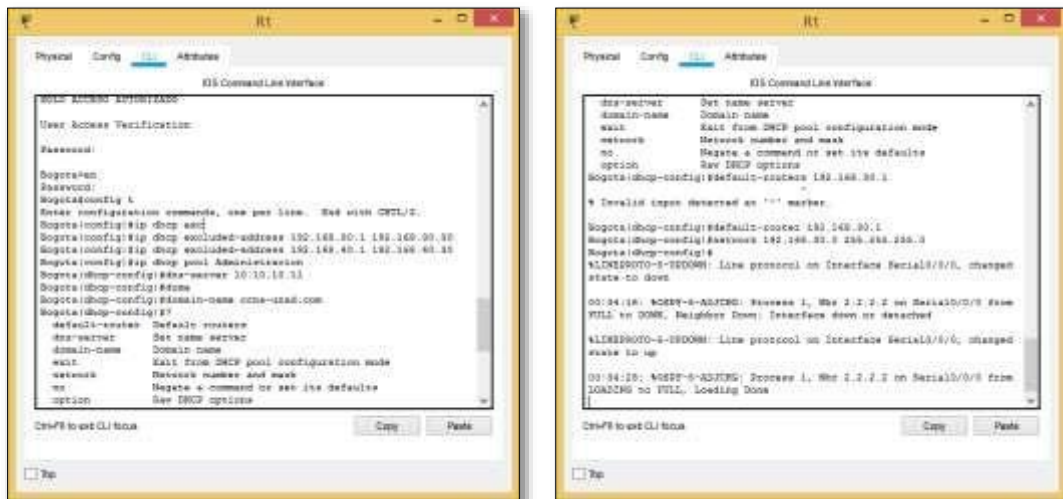
# Implementación DHCP y NAT for IPv4

## 1. Implementar DHCP y NAT for IPv4



## Configuración de R1 como servidor DHCP para las VLANs 30 y 40.

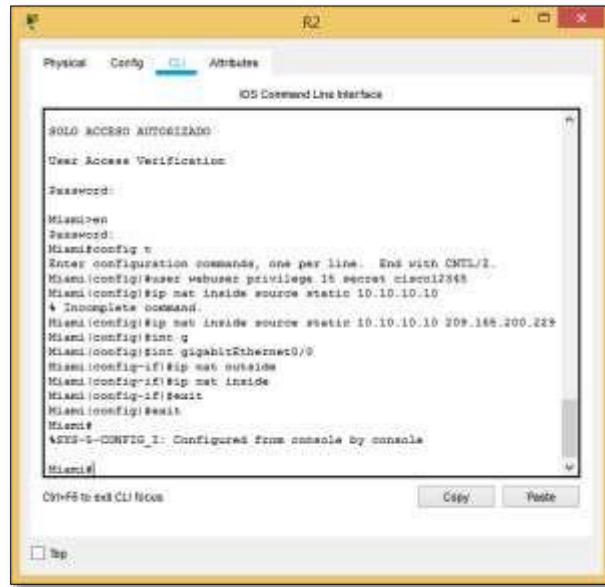
## 2. Configurar R1 como servidor DHCP para las VLANs 30 y 40.





## Configuración NAT.

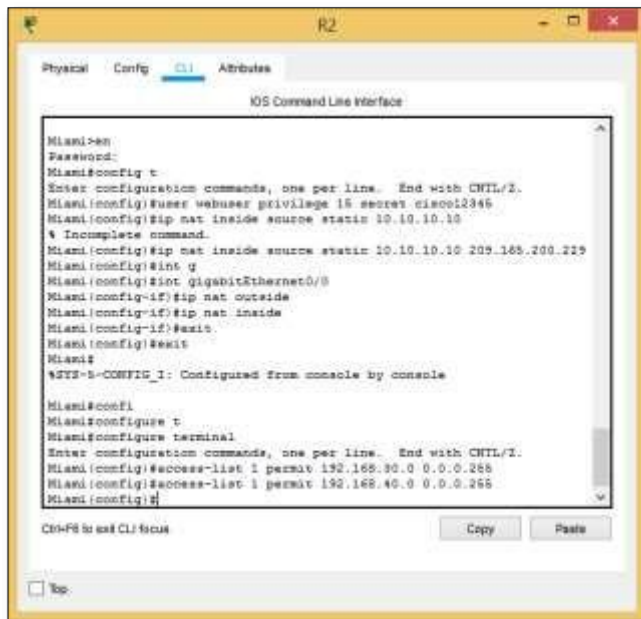
- Configurar NAT en R2 para permitir que los host puedan salir a internet



```
SOLO ACCESO AUTORIZADO
Dear Access Verification:
Password:
Miami>en
Password:
Miami#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#user webuser privilege 15 secret cisco12345
Miami(config)#ip nat inside source static 10.10.10.10
% Incomplete command.
Miami(config)#ip nat inside source static 10.10.10.10 209.165.200.229
Miami(config)#int g
Miami(config)#int gigabitEthernet0/0
Miami(config-if)#ip nat outside
Miami(config-if)#ip nat inside
Miami(config-if)#exit
Miami(config)#exit
Miami#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Miami#
```

## Configuración listas de acceso de tipo estándar

- Configurar al menos dos listas de acceso de tipo estándar a su criterio en para restringir o permitir tráfico desde R1 o R3 hacia R2.



```
Miami>en
Password:
Miami#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#user webuser privilege 15 secret cisco12345
Miami(config)#ip nat inside source static 10.10.10.10
% Incomplete command.
Miami(config)#ip nat inside source static 10.10.10.10 209.165.200.229
Miami(config)#int g
Miami(config)#int gigabitEthernet0/0
Miami(config-if)#ip nat outside
Miami(config-if)#ip nat inside
Miami(config-if)#exit
Miami(config)#exit
Miami#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Miami#confi
Miami#configure t
Miami#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
Miami(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.40.0 0.0.0.255
Miami(config)#
```



```
Password:
Miami#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#user webuser privilege 15 secret cisco12345
Miami(config)#ip nat inside source static 10.10.10.10
% Incomplete command.
Miami(config)#ip nat inside source static 10.10.10.10 209.165.200.229
Miami(config)#int g
Miami(config)#int gigabitEthernet0/0
Miami(config-if)#ip nat outside
Miami(config-if)#ip nat inside
Miami(config-if)#exit
Miami(config)#exit
Miami#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Miami#confi
Miami#configure t
Miami#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
Miami(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.40.0 0.0.0.255
Miami(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.4.0 0.0.0.255
Miami(config)#
```

```
Miami (config)#int gigabitEthernet0/0
Miami (config-if)#ip nat outside
Miami (config-if)#ip nat inside
Miami (config-if)#exit
Miami (config)#exit
Miami#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Miami#confi
Miami#configure t
Miami#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Miami (config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
Miami (config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.40.0 0.0.0.255
Miami (config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.4.0 0.0.0.255
Miami (config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.4.0 0.0.3.255
Miami (config)#ip nat pool Internet 209.165.200.225 200.165.200.228
netmask 255.255.255.248
%Pool Internet mask 255.255.255.248 too small; should be at least
0.0.0.0
%Start and end addresses on different subnets
Miami (config)#ip acc
Miami (config)#ip access-list standard ADMIN123
Miami (config-std-nacl)#permit host 172.31.23.1
Miami (config-std-nacl)#
```

## Configuración de listas de acceso de tipo extendido.

6. Configurar al menos dos listas de acceso de tipo extendido o nombradas a su criterio en para restringir o permitir tráfico desde R1 o R3 hacia R2.

```
Miami (config)#access-list 101 permit tcp any host 209.165.200.225 eq
www
% Invalid input detected at '' marker.
Miami (config)#access-list 101 permit tcp any host 209.165.200.225 eq
www
Miami (config)#access-list 101 permit icmp any echo-reply
% Invalid input detected at '' marker.
Miami (config)#access-list 101 permit icmp any any echo-reply
Miami (config)#int g
Miami (config)#int gigabitEthernet0/0
Miami (config-if)#ip access-group 101 in
Miami (config-if)#int s0/0/0
% Invalid input detected at '' marker.
Miami (config-if)#int s0/0/0
Miami (config-if)#ip access-group 101 out
Miami (config-if)#int s0/0/1
Miami (config-if)#ip access-group 101 out
Miami (config-if)#int gigabitEthernet0/1
Miami (config-if)#ip access-group 101 out
Miami (config-if)#
```

## Verificar procesos de comunicación y redireccionamiento.

7. Verificar procesos de comunicación y redireccionamiento de tráfico en los routers mediante el uso de Ping y Traceroute.



```
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 209.145.200.230

Pinging 209.145.200.230 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 209.145.200.230:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
C:\>
```



```
R1
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface

Password:
Boqta>en
Password:
Boqta>su
Building configuration...
[OK]
Boqta>ping 192.168.30.31

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.30.31, timeout is 2
seconds:
.....
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)

Boqta>ping 192.168.40.31

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.40.31, timeout is 2
seconds:
.....
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)

Boqta>
```

## Conclusiones

- El presente proyecto nos permitio identificar el grado de desarrollo aprendizaje que fueron adquiridas a lo largo del diplomado.
- Nos permitio poner a prueba los niveles de comprensión y solución de problemas relacionados con diversos aspectos de Networking.
- La implementacion de los escenarios en redes nos facilitio y permitio conocer nuevos equipos que de una u otra manera eran desconocidas por sus características e importancia en la creacion de redes robustas y fundamentos en Networking.
- A traves de la aplicación hipotetica de redes en diferentes lugares del mundo se pudo comprender y aprender la aplicación de diferentes rotocolos de red, de seguridad, utilizacion de comandos de red, asignacion y direccionamiento IP, configuracion NAT, VLAN's, protocolo RIP, protocolo OSPFv2 rutas estaticas, servidor DHCP, configuración de PAT, entre otros.
- Cuando se evidencio la presencia de fallos, se realizaron diferentes configuracion con el fin de determinar errores en los diferentes dispositivos implementados en cada uno de los escenarios propuestos en el proyecto.

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