

INFORME - PRUEBA DE HABILIDADES PRÁCTICA

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UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL ABIERTA Y A DISTANCIA - UNAD
ESCUELA DE CIENCIAS BÁSICAS, TECNOLOGÍA E INGENIERÍA - ECBTI
INGENIERÍA ELECTRÓNICA
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DEDICATORIA

A mi hermosa hija Hannah por ser mi inspiración día a día, por ser esa persona que me impulsa y me hace sonreír, pero sobre todo por comprender que muchas veces debía primero hacer todas las tareas y luego si podía jugar con ella, por esas noches que se quedó junto a mi para que no me sintiera sola sin importar que tan tarde fuera.

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GLOSARIO

VLAN: Se conoce como virtual LAN y son las redes de área local, crea varias redes lógicas en una red física de manera independiente.

DHCP: Sus siglas Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, es el protocolo que proporciona las direcciones IP de manera automática, funciona de acuerdo con el modelo cliente/servidor.

ETHERCHANNELS: Son tecnologías que permiten agregar puertos de red y de acuerdo con los estándares 802.3.

OSPFv2: Sus siglas Open Shortest Path First, es el protocolo que permite el enrutamiento dinámico que puede detectar los cambios en la topología para IPv4.

OSPFv3: Sus siglas Open Shortest Path First, es el protocolo que permite el enrutamiento dinámico que puede detectar los cambios en la topología para IPv4.

RSTP: Sus siglas Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol, Se encarga de reducir la convergencia en la topología cuando se presenta algún cambio.

LACP: Sus siglas Link Aggregation Control Protocol, se caracteriza por la unión de puertos físicos en un solo puerto lógico con gran ancho de banda.

MP-BGP: Sus siglas Multiprotocol – BGP, es el encargado de llevar la información de IPv6.

RESUMEN

El presente trabajo es desarrollado como requisito de opción de grado en la carrera de ingeniería electrónica, de la Universidad Nacional Abierta y a Distancia, en el cual serán realizadas prácticas en cisco CCNP del escenario 1, el montaje será elaborado por medio del simulador GNS3 y una máquina virtual, donde se importarán las imágenes IOS de los routers y switches, según lo planteado en la guía en cuatro partes.

En la primera parte es necesario crear el montaje de la red teniendo en cuenta la topología indicada, a su vez realizar las configuraciones, ajustes básicos a cada uno de los dispositivos y su direccionamiento de la interfaz de acuerdo con la tabla de direcciones suministrada. En la segunda parte se realizará la configuración de red de capa 2 con la finalidad de poder comunicarse todos los switches, en cuanto a los computadores 2 y 3, deberán recibir direcciones DHCP y SLAAC.

Para la tercera se requiere realizar la configuración de los protocolos de enrutamiento, para ello se configurará el OSPFv2 y OSPFv3, al igual que MP-BGP de acuerdo con cada dispositivo, para finalizar la cuarta parte se configurará la redundancia de primer salto y para ello se creará el SLA IP en R1 E1/2 y R3 E1/0 culminando con la configuración del HSRPv2.

Palabras clave: CCNP, routers, switches, topología, red, DHCP, SLAAC

ABSTRACT

The present work is developed as a requirement of the degree option in the electronic engineering career, of the National Open and Distance University, in which practices will be carried out in cisco CCNP of scenario 1, the assembly will be elaborated by means of the GNS3 simulator and a virtual machine, where the IOS images of the routers and switches will be imported, as outlined in the four-part guide.

In the first part, it is necessary to create the network assembly taking into account the indicated topology, in turn make the configurations, basic adjustments to each of the devices and their interface addressing according to the address table provided. In the second part, the layer 2 network configuration is carried out in order to be able to communicate with all the switches, as for computers 2 and 3, they must receive DHCP and SLAAC addresses.

For the third part it is required to configure the routing protocols, for this OSPFv2 and OSPFv3 will be configured, as well as MP-BGP according to each device, to finish the fourth part the first hop redundancy will be configured and for this the IP SLA will be created in R1 E1/2 and R3 E1/0 culminating with the configuration of HSRPv2.

Keywords: CCNP, routers, switches, topology, network, DHCP, SLAAC

INTRODUCCIÓN

A nivel mundial las redes informáticas cada día toman más fuerza en diferentes ámbitos, como lo son la parte familiar, educativa, comercial, industrial, entre otros, ya que por medio de ellas es posible interactuar y comunicarse tanto los seres humanos, como las compañías empresariales. El diplomado en Cisco CCNP coadyuvara al fortalecimiento de conocimientos y mejora del perfil de ingenieros electrónicos, ya que estos deben contar con la capacidad de poder configurar protocolos de comunicación para así lograr desempeñarse en diferentes campos de acción en la vida laboral.

El diplomado en Cisco CCNP requiere para su desarrollo del escenario 1, implementar 3 router (Cisco 7200), 3 switches (Cisco IOU L2) y 4 PCs del GNS3, de acuerdo con la topología y su tabla de direcciones, inicialmente se configurará la topología y se configurará cada elemento (routers, switches, los PCs), para los router R1 y R3, es necesario incluir el comando dúplex half ya que hará posible la comunicación con los switches D1 y D2, para los PC1 y PC4, se les asignará una dirección de puerta de enlace predeterminada y será la HSRP virtual.

Se realizarán las configuraciones de compatibilidad de la red y el host de capa 2, es aquí donde todos los switches podrán establecer comunicación y los PC2 y PC3 deberán recibir las direcciones DHCP y SLAAC, es necesario configurar en los 3 switches las interfaces troncales IEEE 802.1Q, las VLAN, habilitar el protocolo the Rapid Spanning-Tree, crear LACP EtherChannels de acuerdo a cada canal y puerto, en los switches 1 y 2 configurar los RSTP root bridges, para los 4 PCs configurar los puertos de acceso y para los PCs 2 y 3 será necesario comprobar los servicios DHCP IPv4. Finalmente se comprobará la conectividad LAN local, haciendo ping en los computadores.

De igual manera se efectuarán las configuraciones para los protocolos IPv4 e IPv6, haciendo uso de OSPFv2 y OSPFv3 en cada uno de los equipos requeridos, al igual que el MP-BGP para finalizar se configurará la redundancia de primer salto y se deberá crear los SLA IP que permitan la accesibilidad en las interfaces R1 E1/2 y R3 E1/0.

ESCENARIO 1 TOPOLOGÍA

Figura 1 Montaje del escenario propuesto

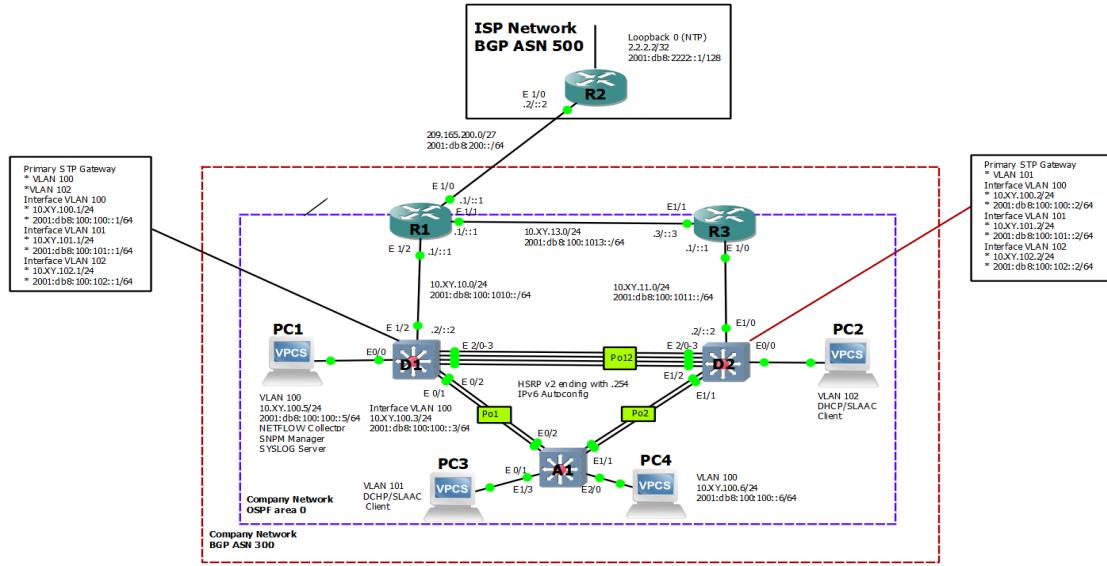


Tabla 1 De direcciones

Dispositivo	Interfaz	Dirección IPv4	Dirección IPv6	Enlace IPv6 local
R1	E1/0	209.165.200.225/27	2001:db8:200::1/64	fe80::1:1
	E1/2	10.89.10.1/24	2001:db8:100:1010::1/64	fe80::1:2
	E1/1	10.89.13.1/24	2001:db8:100:1013::1/64	fe80::1:3
R2	E1/0	209.165.200.226/27	2001:db8:200::2/64	fe80::2:1
	Loopback0	2.2.2.2/32	2001:db8:2222::1/128	fe80::2:3
R3	E1/0	10.89.11.1/24	2001:db8:100:1011::1/64	fe80::3:2
	E1/1	10.89.13.3/24	2001:db8:100:1013::3/64	fe80::3:3
D1	E1/2	10.89.10.2/24	2001:db8:100:1010::2/64	fe80::d1:1
D1	vlan 100	10.89.100.1/24	2001:db8:100:100::1/64	fe80::d1:2
D1	vlan 101	10.89.101.1/24	2001:db8:100:101::1/64	fe80::d1:3
D1	vlan 102	10.89.102.1/24	2001:db8:100:102::1/64	fe80::d1:4
D2	E1/0	10.89.11.2/24	2001:db8:100:1011::2/64	fe80::d2:1
	vlan 100	10.89.100.2/24	2001:db8:100:100::2/64	fe80::d2:2
	vlan 101	10.89.101.2/24	2001:db8:100:101::2/64	fe80::d2:3
	vlan 102	10.89.102.2/24	2001:db8:100:102::2/64	fe80::d2:4
A1	vlan 100	10.89.100.3/23	2001:db8:100:100::3/64	fe80::a1:1
PC1	NIC	10.89.100.5/24	2001:db8:100:100::5/64	EUI-64
PC2	NIC	DHCP	SLAAC	EUI-64
PC3	NIC	DHCP	SLAAC	EUI-64
PC4	NIC	10.89.100.6/24	2001:db8:100:100::6/64	EUI-64

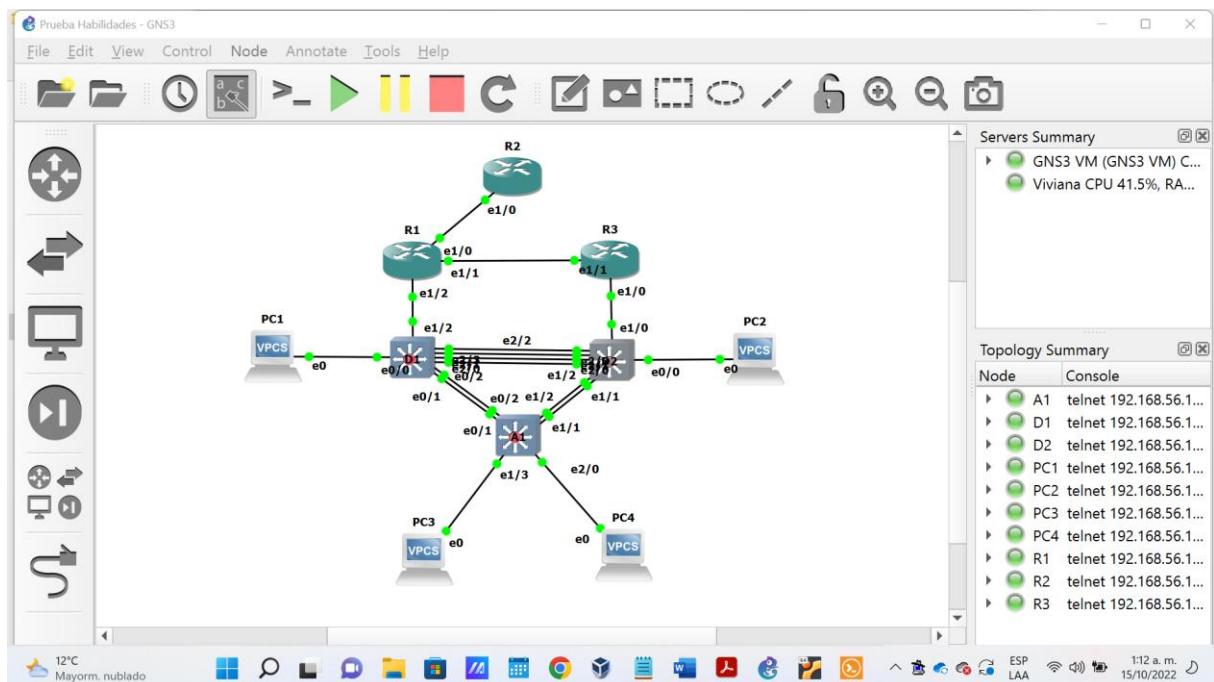
PARTE 1 CONSTRUIR LA RED Y CONFIGURAR LOS AJUSTES BÁSICOS DEL DISPOSITIVO Y EL DIRECCIONAMIENTO DE LA INTERFAZ

En la parte 1 se configurará la topología de la red y se configurarán los ajustes básicos al igual que el direccionamiento de la interfaz.

Paso 1 Cablear la red como se muestra en la topología

Se realiza la conexión de los routers, switches y PCs, teniendo en cuenta el diagrama estipulado.

Figura 2 conexión de los dispositivos.



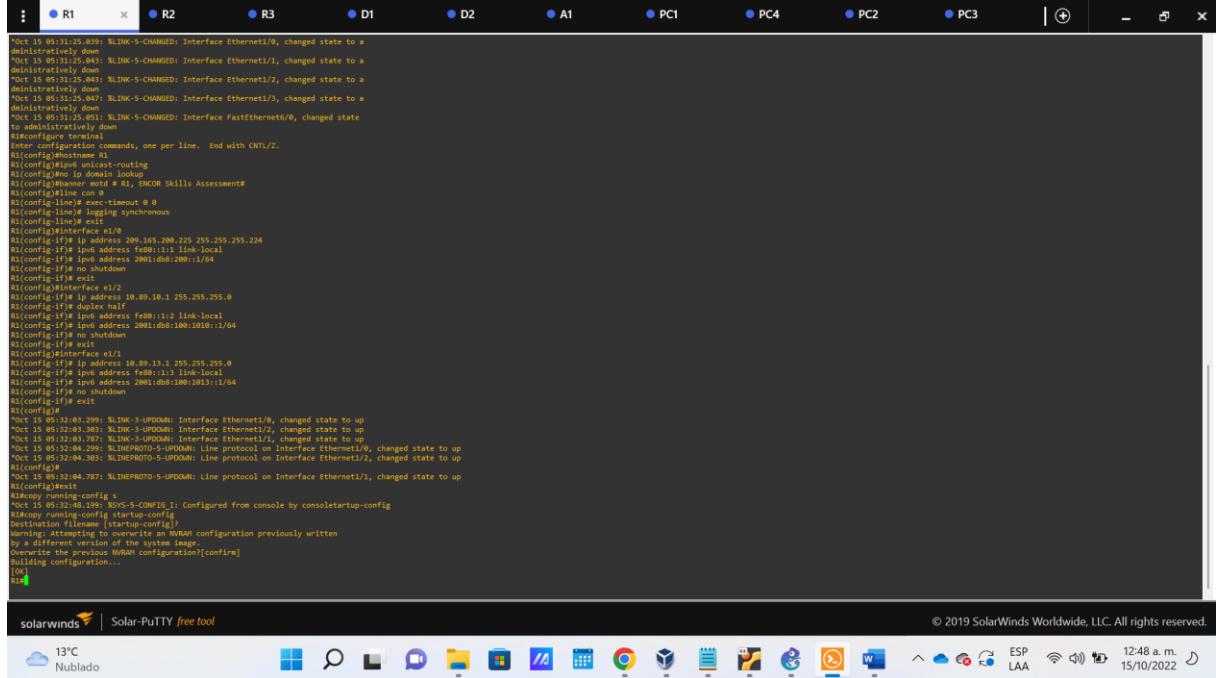
Paso 2 Configurar los ajustes básicos para cada dispositivo

- Se realiza la configuración básica por medio de la consola a cada uno de los routers y switches, donde se establecen nombres del equipo, para los routers se especifican las interfaces IPv4 e IPv6, mientras que para los switches se crearan las VLAN, direcciones IP y DHCP.

Router 1

```
R1#enable                                //Se ingresa a modo privilegiado
R1#configure terminal                      // Se ingresa a modo configuración global
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#hostname R1                  //Nombre del router
R1(config) # ipv6 unicast-routing        //Se habilita el routing en IPv6
R1(config) # no ip domain lookup         // Se desactiva la traducción de nombres
R1(config) # banner motd # R1, ENCOR Skills Assessment#
R1(config) # line con 0                 //Configuración de la línea de consola
R1(config-line) # exec-timeout 0 0
R1(config-line) # logging synchronous
R1(config-line) # exit
R1(config) # interface e1/0
R1(config-if) # ip address 209.165.200.225 255.255.255.224
R1(config-if) # ipv6 address fe80::1:1 link-local
R1(config-if) # ipv6 address 2001:db8:200::1/64
R1(config-if) # no shutdown
R1(config-if) # exit
R1(config) # interface e1/2
R1(config-if) # ip address 10.89.10.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if) # duplex half
R1(config-if) # ipv6 address fe80::1:2 link-local
R1(config-if) # ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1010::1/64
R1(config-if) # no shutdown
R1(config-if) # exit
R1(config) # interface e1/1
R1(config-if) # ip address 10.89.13.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if) # ipv6 address fe80::1:3 link-local
R1(config-if) # ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1013::1/64
R1(config-if) # no shutdown
R1(config-if) # exit
R1(config) # exit
R1# copy running-config startup-config      // Se guarda la configuración
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Warning: Attempting to overwrite an NVRAM configuration previously written
by a different version of the system image.
Overwrite the previous NVRAM configuration?[confirm]
Building configuration...
[OK]
R1#
```

Figura 3 configuración router R1.



```

R1# config terminal
R1(config)# ip6 unicast-routing
R1(config)# no ip domain lookup
R1(config)# banner motd # R3, ENCOR Skills Assessment#
R1(config)# line con 0
R1(config-line)# exec-timeout 0
R1(config-line)# logging synchronous
R1(config-line)# exit
R1(config)# exit
R1(config-if)# ip address 209.165.200.226 255.255.255.224
R1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::2:1 link-local
R1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:200::1/64
R1(config-if)# no shutdown
R1(config-if)# exit
R1(config-if)# interface e1/2
R1(config-if)# ip address 10.89.20.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if)# duplex half
R1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::1:2 link-local
R1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:100::1/64
R1(config-if)# no shutdown
R1(config-if)# exit
R1(config-if)# interface e1/1
R1(config-if)# ip address 10.89.3.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::1:3 link-local
R1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:100::1/64
R1(config-if)# no shutdown
R1(config-if)# exit
R1(config)# exit
Oct 15 05:31:25.0399: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:31:25.0403: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to a
Oct 15 05:31:25.0403: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/2, changed state to a
Oct 15 05:31:25.0407: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to a
Oct 15 05:31:25.0407: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet6/0, changed state
to administratively down
R1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#

```

The screenshot shows a SolarWinds Solar-Putty free tool window titled "SolarWinds Solar-Putty free tool". The terminal session is labeled "R1". The configuration command "config terminal" has been entered, followed by the configuration of three interfaces (e1/1, e1/2, and e1/3) with their respective IP addresses and subnet masks. The configuration concludes with the command "no shutdown" on each interface. A message at the end indicates that the link state has changed from down to up for all three interfaces. The SolarWinds logo and copyright information are visible at the bottom of the window.

Router 2

R2 # configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

R2 (config) # hostname R2

R2 (config) # ipv6 unicast-routing

R2 (config) # no ip domain lookup

R2 (config) # banner motd # R2, ENCOR Skills Assessment#

R2 (config) # line con 0

R2 (config-line) # exec-timeout 0 0

R2 (config-line) # logging synchronous

R2 (config-line) # exit

R2 (config) # interface e1/0

R2 (config-if) # ip address 209.165.200.226 255.255.255.224

R2 (config-if) # ipv6 address fe80::2:1 link-local

R2 (config-if) # ipv6 address 2001:db8:200::1/64

R2 (config-if) # no shutdown

R2 (config-if) # exit

R2 (config) # interface Loopback 0

R2 (config-if) # ip address 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.255

R2 (config-if) # ipv6 address fe80::2:3 link-local

R2 (config-if) # ipv6 address 2001:db8:2222::1/128

```
R2 (config-if) # no shutdown
R2 (config-if) # exit
R2 (config) # exit
R2 # copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Warning: Attempting to overwrite an NVRAM configuration previously written
by a different version of the system image.
Overwrite the previous NVRAM configuration?[confirm]
Building configuration...
[OK]
```

Figura 4 configuración router R2.

```
Copyright (c) 1986-2014 by Cisco Systems, Inc.  
R1 R2 R3 R1 R2 R3 R1 R2 R3 R1 R2 R3  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Fastethernet0/0, changed state to down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/2, changed state to down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Fastethernet0/0, changed state to administratively down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to administratively down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to administratively down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/2, changed state to administratively down  
Oct 15 05:33:24.4001 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to administratively down  
Oct 15 05:33:25.8351 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Fastethernet0/0, changed state to up  
Oct 15 05:33:25.8351 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to up  
Oct 15 05:33:25.8351 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/2, changed state to up  
Oct 15 05:33:25.8351 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to up  
R2#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
R2#config#ip unicast-routing  
R2(config)#no ip domain lookup  
R2(config)#line con 0  
R2(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0  
R2(config-line)# exec-timeout synchronous  
R2(config-line)# exit  
R2(config)#interface el0  
R2(config-if)#ip address 200.165.200.226 255.255.255.224  
R2(config-if)#ip address fe00::211:link-local  
R2(config-if)#ip address 2001:db8:200::1/64  
R2(config-if)#exit  
R2(config)#interface Loopback0  
R2(config-if)#ip address 200.165.200.227 255.255.255.255  
R2(config-if)#ip address fe00::212:link-local  
R2(config-if)#ip address 2001:db8:2222::1/128  
R2(config-if)#exit  
Oct 15 05:33:50.4831 %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state to up  
R2(config)#exit  
Oct 15 05:33:52.4831 %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to up  
Oct 15 05:33:52.4831 %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to up  
R2#copy running-config startup-config  
R2#copy running-config startup-config  
Oct 15 05:33:59.2311 %SYS-5-COMFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

Router 3

```
R3#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
R3(config)#hostname R3  
R3(config)#ipv6 unicast-routing  
R3(config)#no ip domain lookup  
R3(config)#banner motd # R3, ENCOR Skills Assessment#  
R3(config)#line con 0  
R3(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0  
R3(config-line)# logging synchronous  
R3(config-line)# exit
```

```

R3(config)#interface e1/0
R3(config-if)# ip address 10.89.11.1 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)# duplex half
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::3:2 link-local
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1011::1/64
R3(config-if)# no shutdown
R3(config-if)# exit
R3(config)#interface e1/1
R3(config-if)# ip address 10.89.13.3 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::3:3 link-local
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1010::1/64
R3(config-if)# no shutdown
R3(config-if)# exit
R3(config)#exit
R3#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Warning: Attempting to overwrite an NVRAM configuration previously written
by a different version of the system image.
Overwrite the previous NVRAM configuration?[confirm]
Building configuration...
[OK]

```

Figura 5 configuración router R3.

```

Oct 15 05:31:22.071: %LINK-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to down
Oct 15 05:31:22.071: %LINK-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:31:22.071: %LINK-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to down
Oct 15 05:31:23.427: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to administratively down
Oct 15 05:31:23.427: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to administratively down
Oct 15 05:31:23.427: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to a administratively down
Oct 15 05:31:23.427: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/2, changed state to a administratively down
Oct 15 05:31:23.427: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to a administratively down
Oct 15 05:31:23.431: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to administratively down
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R3(config)#hostname R3
R3(config)#ip domain-name routing
R3(config)#ip domain-lookup
R3(config)#banner motd # $1, ENCR Skills Assessment#
R3(config)#line con 0
R3(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0
R3(config-line)# logging synchronous
R3(config-line)# interface e1/0
R3(config-if)# ip address 10.89.11.1 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)# duplex half
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::3:2 link-local
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1011::1/64
R3(config-if)# no shutdown
R3(config-if)# exit
R3(config)#interface e1/1
R3(config-if)# ip address 10.89.13.3 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::3:3 link-local
R3(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1010::1/64
R3(config-if)# no shutdown
R3(config-if)# exit
R3(config)#exit
R3#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Warning: Attempting to overwrite an NVRAM configuration previously written
by a different version of the system image.
Overwrite the previous NVRAM configuration?[confirm]
Building configuration...
[OK]
R3#
Oct 15 05:34:36.627: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet1/0, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:34:36.631: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:34:36.631: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:34:37.631: %LINK-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/1, changed state to up
R3(config)#exit
R3(config)#exit
R3#
R3#
Oct 15 05:34:50.291: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
R3#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Warning: Attempting to overwrite an NVRAM configuration previously written
by a different version of the system image.
Overwrite the previous NVRAM configuration?[confirm]
Building configuration...
[OK]
R3#

```

Switch D1

```
D1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
D1(config)#hostname D1
D1(config)#ip routing
D1(config)#ipv6 unicast-routing
D1(config)#no ip domain lookup
D1(config)#banner motd # D1, ENCOR Skills Assessment#
D1(config)#line con 0
D1(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0
D1(config-line)# logging synchronous
D1(config-line)# exit
D1(config)#vlan 100
D1(config-vlan)# name Management
D1(config-vlan)# exit
D1(config)#vlan 101
D1(config-vlan)# name UserGroupA
D1(config-vlan)# exit
D1(config)#vlan 102
D1(config-vlan)# name UserGroupB
D1(config-vlan)# exit
D1(config)#vlan 999
D1(config-vlan)# name NATIVE
D1(config-vlan)# exit
D1(config)#interface e1/2
D1(config-if)# no switchport
D1(config-if)# ip address 10.89.10.2 255.255.255.0
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d1:1 link-local
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1010::2/64
D1(config-if)# no shutdown
D1(config-if)# exit
D1(config)#interface vlan 100
D1(config-if)# ip address 10.89.100.1 255.255.255.0
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d1:2 link-local
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:100::1/64
D1(config-if)# no shutdown
D1(config-if)# exit
D1(config)#interface vlan 101
D1(config-if)# ip address 10.89.101.1 255.255.255.0
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d1:3 link-local
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:101::1/64
D1(config-if)# no shutdown
D1(config-if)# exit
D1(config)#interface vlan 102
```

```

D1(config-if)# ip address 10.89.102.1 255.255.255.0
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d1:4 link-local
D1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:102::1/64
D1(config-if)# no shutdown
D1(config-if)# exit
D1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.1 10.89.101.109
D1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.141 10.89.101.254
D1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.1 10.89.102.109
D1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.141 10.89.102.254
D1(config)#ip dhcp pool VLAN-101
D1(dhcp-config)# network 10.89.101.0 255.255.255.0
D1(dhcp-config)# default-router 10.89.101.254
D1(dhcp-config)# exit
D1(config)#ip dhcp pool VLAN-102
D1(dhcp-config)# network 10.89.102.0 255.255.255.0
D1(dhcp-config)# default-router 10.89.102.254
D1(dhcp-config)# exit
D1(config)#interface range e0/0-3,e1/0-1,e1/3,e2/0-3,e3/0-3
D1(config-if-range)# shutdown
D1(config-if-range)# exit
D1(config)#exit

```

Figura 6 configuración switch D1.

```

[solarwinds] | Solar-Putty free tool
R1 R2 R3 D1 D2 A1 PC1 PC4 PC2 PC3 + - x
[Switch D1]
Switch#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#hostname D1
Switch(config)#enable password
Switch(config)#ip dns unicast-routing
Switch(config)#no ip domain lookup
Switch(config)#username D1_Edu_BKUOR_Skills_Assessment
Switch(config)#line con 0
Switch(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0
Switch(config-line)# logging synchronous
Switch(config-line)# password
Switch(config-line)#exit
Switch(config)#vlan 100
Switch(config-vlan)#name Management
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config-vlan)#vlan 101
Switch(config-vlan)#name UserGroupA
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config-vlan)#vlan 102
Switch(config-vlan)#name UserGroupB
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config-vlan)#vlan 999
Switch(config-vlan)#name NATIVE
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#interface e1/2
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#ip address 10.89.10.2 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::d1:1 link-local
Switch(config-if)#ip address 2001:db8:100:100:100:1/64
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#interface vlan 100
Switch(config-if)#ip address 10.89.100.1 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::d1:2 link-local
Switch(config-if)#ip address 2001:db8:100:100:100:1/64
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#interface vlan 101
Switch(config-if)#ip address 10.89.101.1 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::d1:3 link-local
Switch(config-if)#ip address 2001:db8:100:100:101:1/64
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#interface vlan 102
Switch(config-if)#ip address 10.89.102.1 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#ipv6 address fe80::d1:4 link-local
Switch(config-if)#ip address 2001:db8:100:100:102:1/64
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.1 10.89.101.109
Switch(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.141 10.89.101.254
Switch(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.1 10.89.102.109
Switch(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.141 10.89.102.254
Switch(config)#ip dhcp pool VLAN-101
Switch(config-dhcp)# network 10.89.101.0 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-dhcp)# default-router 10.89.101.254
Switch(config-dhcp)# exit
Switch(config)#ip dhcp pool VLAN-102
Switch(config-dhcp)# network 10.89.102.0 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-dhcp)# default-router 10.89.102.254
Switch(config-dhcp)# exit

```

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Switch D2

```
D2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
D2(config)#hostname D2
D2(config)#ip routing
D2(config)#ipv6 unicast-routing
D2(config)#no ip domain lookup
D2(config)#banner motd # D2, ENCOR Skills Assessment#
D2(config)#line con 0
D2(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0
D2(config-line)# logging synchronous
D2(config-line)# exit
D2(config)#vlan 100
D2(config-vlan)# name Management
D2(config-vlan)# exit
D2(config)#vlan 101
D2(config-vlan)# name UserGroupA
D2(config-vlan)# exit
D2(config)#vlan 102
D2(config-vlan)# name UserGroupB
D2(config-vlan)# exit
D2(config)#vlan 999
D2(config-vlan)# name NATIVE
D2(config-vlan)# exit
D2(config)#interface e1/0
D2(config-if)# no switchport
D2(config-if)# ip address 10.89.11.2 255.255.255.0
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d1:1 link-local
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:1011::2/64
D2(config-if)# no shutdown
D2(config-if)# exit
D2(config)#interface vlan 100
D2(config-if)# ip address 10.89.100.2 255.255.255.0
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d2:2 link-local
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:100::2/64
D2(config-if)# no shutdown
D2(config-if)# exit
D2(config)#interface vlan 101
D2(config-if)# ip address 10.89.101.2 255.255.255.0
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d2:3 link-local
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:101::2/64
D2(config-if)# no shutdown
D2(config-if)# exit
D2(config)#interface vlan 102
```

```

D2(config-if)# ip address 10.89.102.2 255.255.255.0
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::d2:4 link-local
D2(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:102::2/64
D2(config-if)# no shutdown
D2(config-if)# exit
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.1 10.89.101.209
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.241 10.89.101.254
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.1 10.89.102.209
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.241 10.89.102.254
D2(config)#ip dhcp pool VLAN-101
D2(dhcp-config)# network 10.89.101.0 255.255.255.0
D2(dhcp-config)# default-router 89.0.101.254
D2(dhcp-config)# exit
D2(config)#ip dhcp pool VLAN-102
D2(dhcp-config)# network 10.89.102.0 255.255.255.0
D2(dhcp-config)# default-router 10.89.102.254
D2(dhcp-config)# exit
D2(config)#interface range e0/0-3,e1/1-3,e2/0-3,e3/0-3
D2(config-if-range)# shutdown
D2(config-if-range)# exit
D2(config)#exit
D2#

```

Figura 7 configuración switch D2.

```

[sudo]configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
D2(config)#hostname D2
D2(config)#enable password
D2(config)#ip dns unicast-routing
D2(config)#no ip domain lookup
D2(config)#line vty 0 49, exec-timeout 0 0
D2(config)#line vty 50 0, login synchronous
D2(config)#line vty 100 0, exit
D2(config)#vlan 100
D2(config)#vtp management
D2(config)#vlan 101
D2(config)#vtp userGroup
D2(config)#vlan 102
D2(config)#vtp userGroup
D2(config)#vlan 103
D2(config)#vlan 999
D2(config)#vtp native
D2(config)#vtp exit
D2(config)#interface cl/0
D2(config)#ip address 10.89.11.2 255.255.255.0
D2(config)#ip6 address fe80::d1:1 link-local
D2(config)#ip address 2001:db8:100:101::2/64
D2(config)#ip address 10.89.100.2 255.255.255.0
D2(config)#ip6 address fe80::d2:2 link-local
D2(config)#ip address 2001:db8:100:100::2/64
D2(config)#ip address 10.89.101.2 255.255.255.0
D2(config)#ip6 address fe80::d3:1 link-local
D2(config)#ip address 2001:db8:100:101::3/64
D2(config)#no shutdown
D2(config)#exit
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.1 10.89.101.209
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.101.241 10.89.101.254
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.1 10.89.102.209
D2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.89.102.241 10.89.102.254
D2(dhcp-config)# network 10.89.101.0 255.255.255.0
D2(dhcp-config)# default-router 89.0.101.254
D2(dhcp-config)# exit
D2(config)#ip dhcp pool VLAN-101
D2(dhcp-config)# network 10.89.102.0 255.255.255.0

```

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Switch A1

```
A1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
A1 (config) # hostname A1
A1(config)#no ip domain lookup
A1(config)#banner motd # A1, ENCOR Skills Assessment#
A1(config)#line con 0
A1(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0
A1(config-line)# logging synchronous
A1(config-line)# exit
A1(config)#vlan 100
A1(config-vlan)# name Management
A1(config-vlan)# exit
A1(config)#vlan 101
A1(config-vlan)# name UserGroupA
A1(config-vlan)# exit
A1(config)#vlan 102
A1(config-vlan)# name UserGroupB
A1(config-vlan)# exit
A1(config)#vlan 999
A1(config-vlan)# name NATIVE
A1(config-vlan)# exit
A1(config)#interface vlan 100
A1(config-if)# ip address 10.89.100.3 255.255.255.0
A1(config-if)# ipv6 address fe80::a1:1 link-local
A1(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:db8:100:100::3/64
A1(config-if)# no shutdown
A1(config-if)# exit
A1(config)#interface range e0/0,e0/3,e1/0,e2/1-3,e3/0-3
A1(config-if-range)# shutdown
A1(config-if-range)# exit
A1(config)#exit
A1#
A1#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Warning: Attempting to overwrite an NVRAM configuration previously written
by a different version of the system image.
Overwrite the previous NVRAM configuration?[confirm]
Building configuration...
Compressed configuration from 1632 bytes to 982 bytes[OK]
```

Figura 8 Configuración switch A1.

- b. Se guarda la configuración en todos los dispositivos con el siguiente comando:

```
#copy running-config startup-config
```

- c. Se configura el direccionamiento de host de PC 1 y PC 4 como se muestra en la tabla de direcciones, se asigna una dirección de puerta de enlace predeterminada de 10.89.100.254, que será la dirección IP virtual HSRP utilizada en la Parte 4.

Figura 9 direccionamiento host PC1.

Figura 10 direccionamiento host PC4.

```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, version 0.8.2
Dedicated to Bellng.
Build time: Aug 22 2021 11:15:00
Copyright (c) 2007-2015, Paul Meng (mireishi@gmail.com)
All rights reserved.

VRCS is free software, distributed under the terms of the "BSD" licence.
Source code and license can be found at vpcx.sf.net.
For more information, please visit wiki.freecode.com.cn.

Press '?' to get help.

Executing the startup file

[PC4] ifconfig
[PC4] ifconfig 19.89.100.6/24 brd 19.89.100.254
[PC4] ifconfig 19.89.100.6 255.255.255.0 gateway 19.89.100.254
[PC4] save
[PC4] saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
[PC4] done

[PC4] sh
NAME      IP/MASK    GATEWAY      MAC          LPORT   RHOST:PORT
PC4      19.89.100.6/24     19.89.100.254  00:50:79:66:68:03  200058  127.0.0.1:200051
DNS1:db01:100:103:2050:79ff:fe66:6803:64 eu1:64

[PC4] ping 10.89.100.1
64 bytes from 10.89.100.1 (icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=4.628 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.1 (icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=2.734 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.1 (icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=2.734 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.1 (icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=2.847 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.1 (icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=2.500 ms)

[PC4] ping 10.89.100.2
64 bytes from 10.89.100.2 (icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=1.534 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.2 (icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=9.446 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.2 (icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.514 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.2 (icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=2.899 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.2 (icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=2.899 ms)

[PC4] ping 10.89.100.5
64 bytes from 10.89.100.5 (icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=3.041 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.5 (icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=12.580 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.5 (icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=12.580 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.5 (icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=3.085 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.100.5 (icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=15.650 ms)

[PC4] 
```

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PARTE 2: CONFIGURAR LA COMPATIBILIDAD CON REDES Y HOSTS DE CAPA 2

En la parte 2 la configuración de la red capa 2 se configurará y establecerá el soporte básico de host. Finalizando esta parte, todos los interruptores deben poder comunicarse PC2 y PC3 deben recibir direcciones de DHCP y SLAAC.

Figura 11 Configuración DHCP PC2

```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, version 0.8.2
Dedicated to Bellng.
Build time: Aug 22 2021 11:15:00
Copyright (c) 2007-2015, Paul Meng (mireishi@gmail.com)
All rights reserved.

VRCS is free software, distributed under the terms of the "BSD" licence.
Source code and license can be found at vpcx.sf.net.
For more information, please visit wiki.freecode.com.cn.

Press '?' to get help.

Executing the startup file

[PC2] ip dhcp
[PC2] 19.89.102.110/24 brd 19.89.102.254
[PC2] save
[PC2] saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
[PC2] done

[PC2] ping 10.89.102.2
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 (icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=1.323 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 (icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.323 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 (icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.323 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 (icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.481 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 (icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=3.088 ms)

[PC2] ping 10.89.102.2
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 (icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=3.545 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 (icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=0.708 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 (icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.708 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 (icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.368 ms)
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 (icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=13.181 ms)

[PC2] sh
NAME      IP/MASK    GATEWAY      MAC          LPORT   RHOST:PORT
PC2      19.89.102.110/24     19.89.102.254  00:80:79:66:68:01  200040  127.0.0.1:200047
DNS1:db01:100:101:2050:79ff:fe66:6801:64 eu1:64

[PC2] 
```

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Figura 12 Configuración DHCP PC3

```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, version 0.8.2
Dedicated to BeagleBoard.org
Build: 2012-01-01 11:15:00
Copyright (c) 2007-2015, Paul Meng (mirshe@gmail.com)
All rights reserved.

VPCS is free software, distributed under the terms of the "BSD" licence.
source code and license can be found at vpc.sourceforge.net.
for more information please visit www.vpcsourcecode.com
Press 'F' to get help.

Executing the startup file

PC> ip dhcp
(000) IP 10.89.101.210/24 GW 89.0.101.254
PC> save
Saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
PC> done

PC> ping 10.89.101.1
64 bytes from 10.89.101.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=29.974 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=2.000 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=2.002 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.999 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=6.924 ms

PC> ping 10.89.101.2
64 bytes from 10.89.101.2 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=1.672 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.2 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.593 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.2 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.592 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.2 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=3.362 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.101.2 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=4.617 ms

PC> sh
NAME IP/MASK GATEWAY MAC PORT BHOST/PORT
PC3 10.89.101.210/24 89.0.101.254 00:50:79:66:00:02 20040 127.0.0.1:20040
fe00::1:ff:fe00:100:100:2000:77ff:fe66:1000/64 eui-64

PC> [■]

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```

Las tareas de configuración son las siguientes:

Paso 1: Tareas 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8.

Tarea 2.1: configuración interfaces troncales IEEE 802.1Q en los enlaces de conmutación interconectados.

Switch D1

```
D1#enable
D1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
D1(config)#interface range e2/0-3
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
D1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
```

```
D1(config)#interface range e0/1-2
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
D1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
```

Switch D2

```
D2#enable
```

```
D2#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
D2(config)#interface range e2/0-3  
D2(config-if-range)#Switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
D2(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk  
  
D2(config)#interface range e1/1-2  
D2(config-if-range)#Switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
D2(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
```

Switch A1

```
A1#Enable  
A1#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
A1(config)#interface range e0/1-2  
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
A1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk  
  
A1(config)#interface range e1/1-2  
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
A1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
```

Tarea 2.2: VLAN nativa en los enlaces troncales

Switch D1

```
D1(config)#interface range e2/0-3  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999  
  
D1(config)#interface range e0/1-2  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
```

Switch D2

```
D2(config)#interface range e2/0-3  
D2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999  
  
D2(config)#interface range e1/1-2  
D2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
```

Switch A1

```
A1(config)#interface range e0/1-2  
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
```

```
A1(config)#interface range e1/1-2  
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
```

Figura 13 Verificación enlaces troncales D1

Figura 14 Verificación enlaces troncales D2

Figura 15 Verificación enlaces troncales A1

Tarea 2.3: Habilitación del protocolo Rapid Spanning-Tree

Switch D1

D1(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst

Switch D2

D2(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst

Switch A1

A1(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst

Figura 16 Verificación de spanning-tree D1

```
Oct 15 05:41:00.640: %SEC-5-L3CONFIRMED:2| Et0/2 suspended: LACP currently not enabled on the remote port.
Oct 15 05:42:00.640: %SEC-5-L3CONFIRMED:2| Et0/1 suspended: LACP currently not enabled on the remote port.
Oct 15 05:42:00.640: %SEC-5-L3CONFIRMED:2| Et2/3 suspended: LACP currently not enabled on the remote port.
Oct 15 05:42:00.640: %SEC-5-L3CONFIRMED:2| Et2/0 suspended: LACP currently not enabled on the remote port.
Oct 15 05:42:00.640: %SEC-5-L3CONFIRMED:2| Et2/1 suspended: LACP currently not enabled on the remote port.
Oct 15 05:42:00.640: %SEC-5-L3CONFIRMED:2| Et2/0 suspended: LACP currently not enabled on the remote port.
Oct 15 05:42:00.640: %SEC-5-L3CONFIRMED:2| Et2/1 suspended: LACP currently not enabled on the remote port.

Oct 15 05:42:26.836: %LINEPROTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet2/0, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:42:26.836: %LINEPROTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet2/1, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:42:26.836: %LINEPROTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet2/2, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:42:26.836: %LINEPROTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet2/3, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:42:31.637: %SCP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MATCHED: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on Etherne0/0/1 (999), with Al Ethernet0/0/1 (1).
OK

Oct 15 05:42:38.431: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Port-channel1, changed state to up

Oct 15 05:42:37.637: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Vlan100, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:42:38.431: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan100, changed state to up

Oct 15 05:42:56.844: %LINEPROTO-0-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Port-channel1, changed state to up
OkCopy running-config startup-config
Oct 15 05:43:02.664: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Vlan100, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:43:03.664: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Vlan100, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:43:03.665: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan100, changed state to up

Building configuration...
Compressed configuration from 3572 bytes to 1823 bytes[OK]

Ok#show int trunk

Port      Mode       Encapsulation  Status      Native vlan
P01      on        IEEE 802.3q      trunking    999
          on        IEEE 802.3q      trunking    999

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
P01      1-4094
P02      1-4094

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
P01      1-4094
          1-100-102,999
P02      1-100-102,999

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
P01      1-100-102,999
P02      1-100-102,999
Ok#show run | include spanning tree
Ok#spanning-tree mode rapid-pwt
Ok#spanning-tree extend system-id
Ok#spanning-tree priority 24576
Ok#spanning-tree vlan 100 priority 26072
Ok#spanning-tree portfast edge
Ok#4

% Invalid input detected at `*' marker.

Ok#show run | include spanning tree
Ok#spanning-tree mode rapid-pwt
Ok#spanning-tree extend system-id
Ok#spanning-tree priority 24576
Ok#spanning-tree vlan 100 priority 26072
Ok#spanning-tree portfast edge
Ok#4

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```

Figura 17 Verificación de spanning-tree D2

Figura 18 Verificación de spanning-tree A1

```

R1 R2 R3 D1 D2 A1 PC1 PC4 PC2 PC3
[Network Topology Diagram showing connections between R1, R2, R3, D1, D2, A1, PC1, PC4, PC2, and PC3]

A1#configure terminal
A1(config)#switchport mode access
A1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 101
A1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
Warning: portfast should only be enabled on ports connected to a single host. Connecting hubs, concentrators, switches, bridges, etc., to this interface with portfast enabled, can cause temporary bridging loops. Use with CAUTION
Nportfast has been configured on Ethernet1/1 but will only have effect when the interface is in a non-trunking mode.
A1(config-if)#exit
A1(config)#interface #2/0
A1(config-if)#switchport mode access
A1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 100
A1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
Warning: portfast should only be enabled on ports connected to a single host. Connecting hubs, concentrators, switches, bridges, etc., to this interface with portfast enabled, can cause temporary bridging loops. Use with CAUTION
Nportfast has been configured on Ethernet2/0 but will only have effect when the interface is in a non-trunking mode.
A1(config-if)#exit
A1(config)#exit
A1#
A1> 15:05:42:09.972: N9VS-3-CMFD[0]: Configured from console by console
A1> 15:05:42:09.972: N9VS-3-CMFD[0]: Line protocol on Interface Port-channel2, changed state to up
A1> 15:05:42:09.984: N9INPROM-3-WDODM: Line protocol on Interface Port-channel2, changed state to up
A1#copy running-config startup-config
A1#copy running-config [startup-config]
Building configuration...
compressed configuration from 2531 bytes to 1368 bytes[OK]
A1#show int status
Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan
Po1 on IEEE802.1q trunk 999
Po2 on IEEE802.1q trunk 999
Port Vlans allowed on trunk
Po1 1-4094
Po2 1-4094
Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Po1 1-100-102,999
Po2 1-100-102,999
Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Po1 1-100-102,999
Po2 1-100-102,999
A1#show run | include spanning-tree
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree portfast edge
spanning-tree portfast edge
spanning-tree portfast edge
A1#

```

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Tarea 2.4: configurar los puentes raíz RSTP

Switch D1

```
D1(config)#spanning-tree vlan 100,102 root primary
D1(config)#spanning-tree vlan 101 root secondary
```

Switch D2

```
D2(config)#spanning-tree vlan 101 root primary
D2(config)#spanning-tree vlan 100,102 root secondary
```

Tarea 2.5: creación LACP EtherChannels

Switch D1

```
D1(config-if-range)#channel-group 12 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 12
D1(config-if-range)#channel-group 1 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1
```

Switch D2

```
D2(config-if-range)#channel-group 12 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 12
```

```
D2(config-if-range)#no shutdown
D2(config-if-range)#channel-group 2 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2
```

Switch A1

```
A1(config-if-range)#channel-group 1 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1
A1(config-if-range)#channel-group 2 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2
```

Figura 19 Verificación del LACP D1

```
Building configuration...
Compressed configuration from 3572 bytes to 1825 bytes[OK]
D1#show int trunk
Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan
R1 on IEEE 802.3 trunking 999
Po12 on IEEE 802.3 trunking 999
Port Vlans allowed on trunk
R1 1-4094
Po12 1-4094
Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain
R1 1,100-162,999
Po12 1-4094
Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Po1 1,100-162,999
Po2 1,100-162,999
Po3 1,100-162,999
D1#show run |include spanning tree
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
D1#show run |include spanning tree
D1#show run |include spanning tree
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree priority 14
spanning-tree vlan 100,162 priority 24576
spanning-tree port-priority 20072
spanning-tree portfast edge
D1#show run |include LACPDU
Flags: S - Device is requesting slow LACPDU
      F - Device is requesting fast LACPDU
      A - Device is in Active mode   P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 1 neighbors
Partner's information:
Port Flags LACP port Priority Dev ID Age Admin Oper Port Port
R1/1 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 12s 0x0 0x0 0x1 0x0
R1/2 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 21s 0x0 0x0 0x1 0x0
Channel group 12 neighbors
Partner's information:
Port Flags LACP port Priority Dev ID Age Admin Oper Port Port
D2/0 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 3s 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0
D2/1 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 7s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
D2/2 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 18s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
--more--
```

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Figura 20 Verificación del LACP D2

```
Building configuration...
Compressed configuration from 3572 bytes to 1825 bytes[OK]
D2#show int trunk
Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan
R1 on IEEE 802.3 trunking 999
Po12 on IEEE 802.3 trunking 999
Port Vlans allowed on trunk
R1 1-4094
Po12 1-4094
Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Po2 1,100-162,999
Po12 1,100-162,999
Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Po2 1,100-162,999
Po12 1,100-162,999
D2#show run |include spanning tree
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree priority 24576
spanning-tree vlan 100,162 priority 24576
spanning-tree portfast edge
D2#show run |include LACPDU
Flags: S - Device is requesting slow LACPDU
      F - Device is requesting fast LACPDU
      A - Device is in Active mode   P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 2 neighbors
Partner's information:
Port Flags LACP port Priority Dev ID Age Admin Oper Port Port
D1/1 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 7s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
D1/2 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 27s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
D1/3 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 0s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
Channel group 12 neighbors
Partner's information:
Port Flags LACP port Priority Dev ID Age Admin Oper Port Port
R1/1 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 7s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
R1/2 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 15s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
R1/3 SA 32768 aabb.cccc.0000 0s 0x0 0x0 0x2 0x0
--more--
```

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Figura 21 Verificación del LACP A1

```

R1 R2 R3 D1 D2 A1 PC1 PC4 PC2 PC3
[...]
show effect when the Interface is in a non-trunking mode.
All(config-if)#no shutdown
All(config-if)#exit
All(config)#end
All#
Port 15 9542<49,072>: XSYS-5-CMFIU_1: Configured from console by console
All#
Oct 15 05:42:56,644: XLINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Port-channel2, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:42:56,644: XLINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Port-channel1, changed state to up
Interface configuration startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]
Building configuration...
Completed configuration written to 2533 bytes to 16MB-bytes[OK]
All#show int trunk
Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan
Po1 on IEEE802.1q trunking 999
Po2 on IEEE802.1q trunking 999
Port Vlans allowed on trunk
Po1 1-4094
Po2 1-4094
Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Po1 1-31,161,999
Po2 1-108-182,999
Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Po1 1,108,182,999
Po2 182
All#show runn | include spanning-tree
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree portfast edge
spanning-tree portfast edge
All#show lacp neighbor
Flags: F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDU
      A - Device is in Active mode   P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 1 neighbors
Partner's Information:
Port Flags LACP Port Admin Oper Port Port
Port1 5A 32768 aabb:c0:80:0100 95 0x0 0x2 0x0 0x30
Port2 5A 32768 aabb:c0:80:0100 21s 0x0 0x2 0x3 0x30
Channel group 2 neighbors
Partner's Information:
Port Flags LACP Port Admin Oper Port Port
Port1 5A 32768 aabb:c0:80:0200 4s 0x0 0x2 0x0 0x30
Port2 5A 32768 aabb:c0:80:0200 21s 0x0 0x2 0x103 0x30
All#
[solarwinds] Solar-Putty free tool
[...]
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[...]
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ESP LAA

```

Tarea 2.6: configuración puertos de acceso al host que se conectan a PC1, PC2, PC3 y PC4.

Switch D1

```

D1(config)#interface e0/0
D1(config-if)#switchport mode access

```

Switch D2

```

D2(config)#interface e0/0
D2(config-if)#switchport mode access

```

Switch A1

```

A1(config)#interface e1/3
Acceso al modo A1(config-if)#switchport mode access
A1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 101
A1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
A1(config-if)#no shutdown
A1(config-if)#exit
A1(config)#interface e2/0
Acceso al modo A1(config-if)#switchport mode access

```

```
A1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 100  
A1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast  
A1(config-if)#no shutdown  
A1(config-if)#exit
```

Switch D1

```
D1#enable  
D1#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
D1(config)#interface range e2/0-3  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999  
D1(config-if-range)#channel-group 12 mode active  
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 12  
D1(config-if-range)#no shutdown  
D1(config-if-range)#exit  
D1(config)#interface range e0/1-2  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk  
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999  
D1(config-if-range)#channel-group 1 mode active  
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1  
D1(config-if-range)#no shutdown  
D1(config-if-range)#exit  
D1(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst  
D1(config)#spanning-tree vlan 100,102 root primary  
D1(config)#spanning-tree vlan 101 root secondary  
D1(config)#interface e0/0  
D1(config-if)#switchport mode access  
D1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 100  
D1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
```

Figura 22 Configuración segunda parte switch D1.

```

Oct 15 05:35:43.838: NLINPROT0-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet3/0, changed state to down
Oct 15 05:35:43.838: NLINPROT0-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet3/1, changed state to down
Oct 15 05:35:43.838: NLINPROT0-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet3/2, changed state to down
Oct 15 05:35:43.838: NLINPROT0-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet3/3, changed state to down
D1(config)exit
D1(config)#config startup-config
Oct 15 05:38:00.696: N9VS-5-CMPTG_2: Configured from console by console
Destination filename [startup-config]
Warning: Overwriting the current VRAM configuration previously written
by a different version of the system image.
Overwrite the previous VRAM configuration? [confirm]
Overwriting the current VRAM configuration...
Compressed configuration from 2496 bytes to 138 bytes[OK]
D1(config)terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
D1(config)#interface range e2/0-3
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
D1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
D1(config-if-range)#channel-group 12 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel12
D1(config-if-range)#no shutdown
D1(config-if-range)#exit
D1(config)#interface range e0/1-2
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
D1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
D1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
D1(config-if-range)#channel-group 1 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel1
D1(config-if-range)#no shutdown
D1(config-if-range)#exit
D1(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
D1(config)#spanning-tree vlan 100 root primary
D1(config)#spanning-tree vlan 181 root secondary
D1(config)#interface e0/0
D1(config-if)#switchport mode access
D1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 100
D1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
Warning: Spanning Tree portfast is enabled on ports connected to a single
host. Connecting hubs, concentrators, switches, bridges, etc... to this
interface when portfast is enabled, can cause temporary bridging loops.
See the CAUTION section of the documentation for more information.
Spanning Tree portfast is configured on Ethernet8/0 but will only
have effect when the interface is in a non-trunking mode.
D1(config-if)#no shutdown
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#
Oct 15 05:41:57.597: N9VS-5-CMPTG_2: Configured from console by console
Oct 15 05:41:58.837: NLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet8/0, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:41:58.837: NLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet2/1, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:41:58.837: NLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet2/2, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:41:58.837: NLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet2/3, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:41:58.837: NLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet2/4, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:41:58.837: NLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet8/1, changed state to up
Oct 15 05:41:58.837: NLINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Ethernet8/2, changed state to up

```

Switch D2

```

D2#enable
D2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
D2(config)#interface range e2/0-3
D2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
D2(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
D2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
D2(config-if-range)#channel-group 12 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel12
D2(config-if-range)#no shutdown
D2(config-if-range)#exit
D2(config)#interface range e1/1-2
D2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
D2(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
D2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
D2(config-if-range)#channel-group 2 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel2
D2(config-if-range)#no shutdown
D2(config-if-range)#exit
D2(config)#
D2(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst

```

```
D2(config)#spanning-tree vlan 101 root primary
D2(config)#spanning-tree vlan 100,102 root secondary
D2(config)#
D2(config)#interface e0/0
D2(config-if)#switchport mode access
D2(config-if)#switchport access vlan 102
D2(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
D2(config-if)#no shutdown
D2(config-if)#exit
D2(config)#end
```

Figura 23 Configuración segunda parte switch D2.

Switch A1

A1#Enable

A1#configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z

Enter configuration commands, one per line.
A1(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst

A1(config)#interface range e0/1-2

```
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
```

```
A1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
```

```
A1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk  
A1(config_if_range)#switchport trunk native
```

```
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999  
A1(config-if-range)#channel-group 1 mode active
```

```
A1(config-l1-range)#channel-group 1 mode active  
Creating a port channel interface Port-channel 1
```

Creating a port-channel Interface Port-channel 1

```
A1(config-if-range)#no shutdown
A1(config-if-range)#exit
A1(config)#interface range e1/1-2
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
A1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
A1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
A1(config-if-range)#channel-group 2 mode active
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2
A1(config-if-range)#no shutdown
A1(config-if-range)#exit
A1(config)#interface e1/3
A1(config-if)#switchport mode access
A1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 101
A1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
A1(config-if)#no shutdown
A1(config-if)#exit
A1(config)#interface e2/0
A1(config-if)#switchport mode access
A1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 100
A1(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast
A1(config-if)#no shutdown
A1(config-if)#exit
A1(config)#end
```

Figura 24 Configuración segunda parte switch A1.

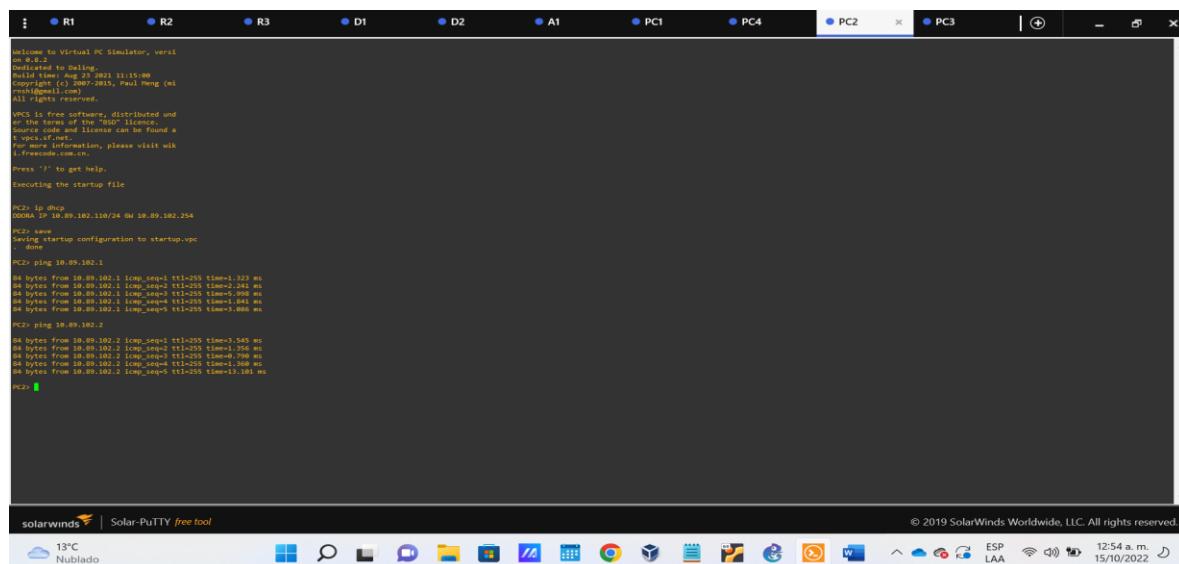
Tarea 2.7 Comprobación de los servicios DHCP IPv4.

PC2> ip dhcp

DDORA IP 10.89.102.110/24 GW 10.89.102.254

PC2>

Figura 25 Configuración DHCP IPv4 en PC2.



```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, version 0.8.2
Dedicated to Daqing...
Build time: 2022-01-11 11:15:00
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For more information, please visit wiki.freecode.com.cn.

Press '?' to get help.
Executing the startup file

PC2> ip dhcp
DDORA IP 10.89.102.110/24 GW 10.89.102.254
PC2> save
Saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
PC2>

PC2> ping 10.89.102.1
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=1.323 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=2.241 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.308 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.381 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=1.000 ms

PC2> ping 10.89.102.2
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=2.345 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.356 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.368 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.358 ms
64 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=13.181 ms

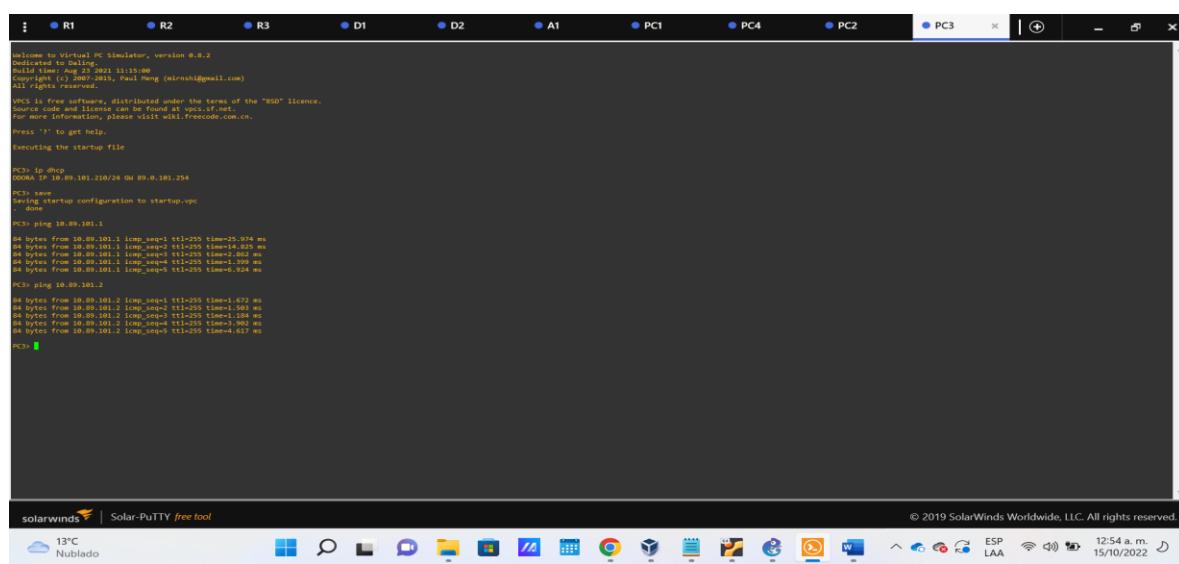
PC2>
```

PC3> ip dhcp

DORA IP 10.2.101.110/24 GW 10.2.101.254

PC3> save

Figura 26 Configuración DHCP IPV4 en PC3.



```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, version 0.8.2
Dedicated to Daqing...
Build time: 2022-01-11 11:15:00
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Press '?' to get help.
Executing the startup file

PC3> ip dhcp
DDORA IP 10.2.101.110/24 GW 10.2.101.254
PC3> save
Saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
PC3>

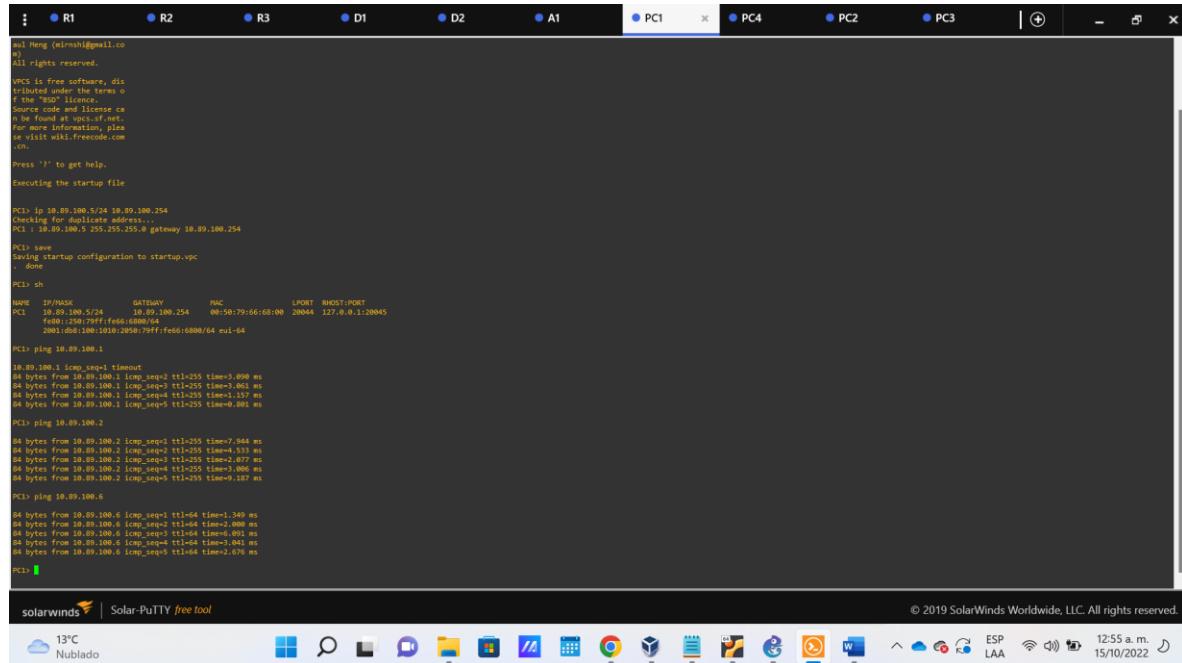
PC3> ping 10.2.101.1
64 bytes from 10.2.101.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=25.974 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=14.825 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.359 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.359 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=6.934 ms

PC3> ping 10.2.101.2
64 bytes from 10.2.101.2 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=1.672 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.2 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.662 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.2 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.154 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.2 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.154 ms
64 bytes from 10.2.101.2 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=4.417 ms

PC3>
```

Tarea 2.8 Compruebe la conectividad LAN local.

Figura 27 Comprobación conectividad LAN en PC1.



```
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a)
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tributed under the terms o
f the BSD license.
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n be found at vpcs.sf.net.
For more information, plea
se visit www.freecode.com
.com.

Press '?' to get help.

Executing the startup file

PC1> ip 10.89.100.5/24 10.89.100.254
Checking for duplicate address...
PC1 > 10.89.100.5 255.255.255.0 gateway 10.89.100.254

PC1> save
Saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
...done

PC1> sh
NAME IP/MASK GATEWAY PAC LPORT RHOST/PORT
PC1 10.89.100.5/24 10.89.100.254 00:57:79:66:16:00 28944 127.0.0.1:28945
2001:db8:1:100:1:1010:2050:7ff:fe66:1600/64 eui-64

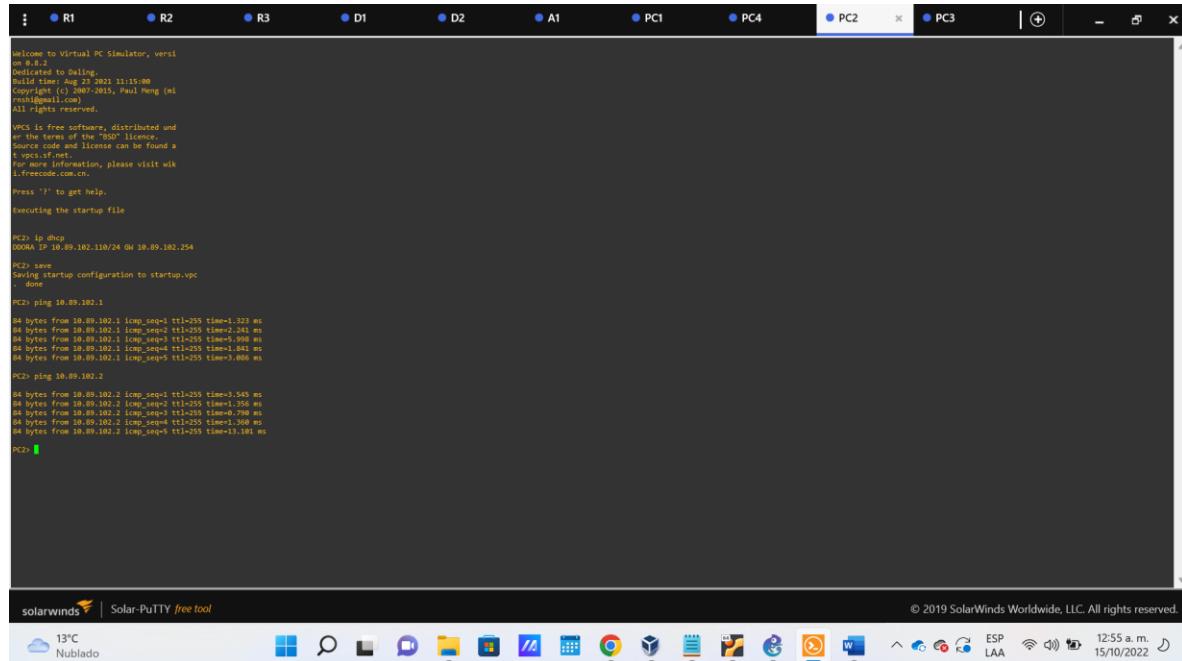
PC1> ping 10.89.100.1
80 bytes from 10.89.100.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=3.000 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=3.000 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=3.001 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=3.001 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=3.001 ms

PC1> ping 10.89.100.2
84 bytes from 10.89.100.2 icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=7.266 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.2 icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=7.266 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.2 icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=7.277 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.2 icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=7.006 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.2 icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=9.237 ms

PC1> ping 10.89.100.6
84 bytes from 10.89.100.6 icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.349 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.6 icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=1.349 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.6 icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.951 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.6 icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=1.041 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.100.6 icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=2.876 ms

PC1>
```

Figura 28 Comprobación conectividad LAN en PC2.



```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, versi
on 0.8.1
modified to Beiling.
Valid until Aug 23 2021 11:15:00
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irsh@gmail.com)
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er the terms of the "BSD" license.
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t vpcs.sf.net.
For more information, please visit w
ww.freecode.com.cn.

Press '?' to get help.

Executing the startup file

PC2> ip dhcp
0000A 19 10.89.102.110/24 0M 10.89.102.254

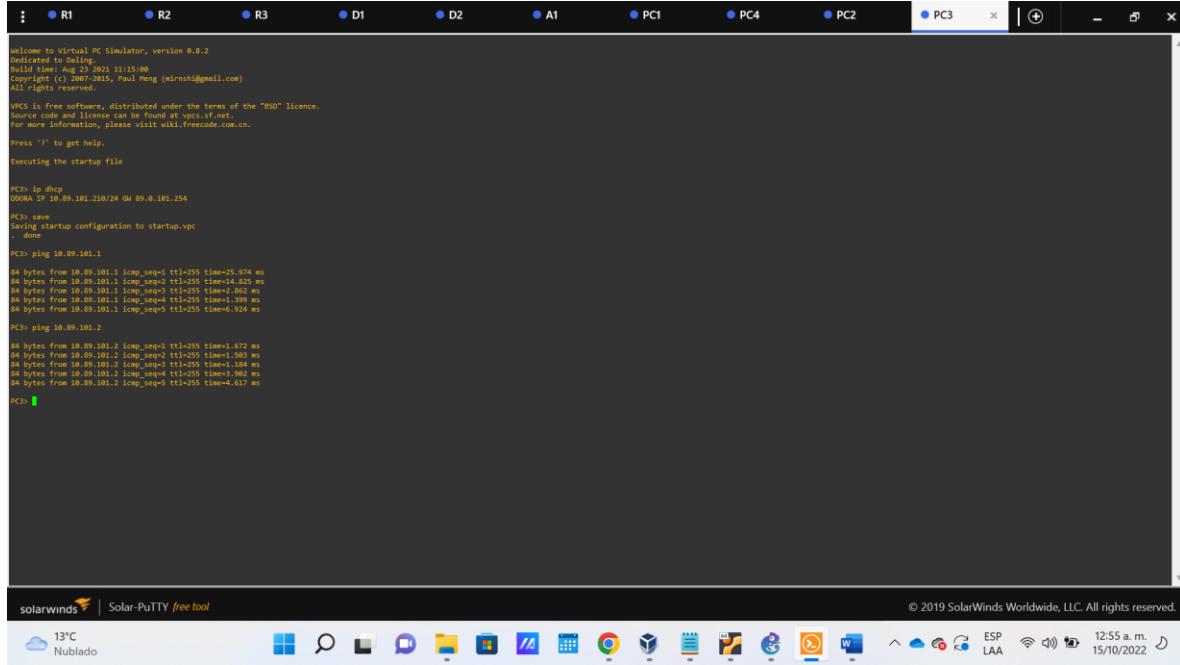
PC2> save
Saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
...done

PC2> ping 10.89.102.1
84 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=1.323 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.241 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.241 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.041 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=3.006 ms

PC2> ping 10.89.102.2
84 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=3.545 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.356 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.798 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.041 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.102.2 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=13.181 ms

PC2>
```

Figura 29 Comprobación conectividad LAN en PC3.



```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, version 0.8.2
Dedicated to Tomasz Grysztar
Build time: Aug 23 2021 11:15:00
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For more information, please visit wiki.freecode.com.cn.

Press '?' to get help.

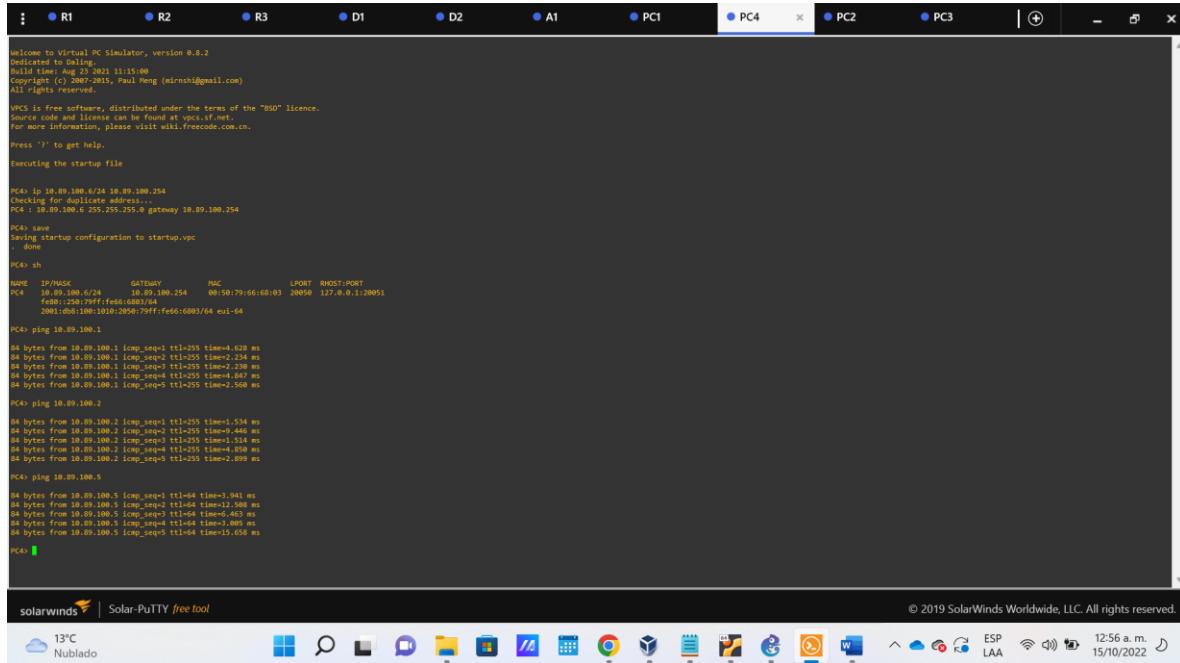
Executing the startup file

PC3> ip dhcp
OSNRK 10.89.181.218/24 GW 10.89.181.254

PC3> save
Saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
PC3> done

PC3> ping 10.89.181.1
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=25.351 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=14.925 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=6 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
PC3> ping 10.89.181.1
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.181.1 icmp_seq=6 ttl=255 time=1.062 ms
PC3>
```

Figura 30 Comprobación conectividad LAN en PC4.



```
Welcome to Virtual PC Simulator, version 0.8.2
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Press '?' to get help.

Executing the startup file

PC4> ip 10.89.180.6/24 10.89.180.254
OSNRK 10.89.180.6/24 10.89.180.254 gateway 10.89.180.254

PC4> save
Saving startup configuration to startup.vpc
PC4> done

PC4> sh
NAME SP/MASK GATEWAY MAC PORT RHOST:PORT
PC4 10.89.180.6/24 10.89.180.254 00:50:79:66:68:03 20050 127.0.0.1:20051
fe80::205:79ff:fe66:6803%6
2001:0db8:100e:1008:2050:79ff:fe66:6803%6 cui-64

PC4> ping 10.89.180.1
84 bytes from 10.89.180.1 icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=4.628 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.1 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=1.228 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.1 icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=1.228 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.1 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=4.647 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.1 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=2.568 ms
PC4> ping 10.89.180.2
84 bytes from 10.89.180.2 icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.534 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.2 icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=4.446 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.2 icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=1.534 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.2 icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=4.658 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.2 icmp_seq=5 ttl=255 time=2.899 ms
PC4> ping 10.89.180.5
84 bytes from 10.89.180.5 icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.941 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.5 icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=12.508 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.5 icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.461 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.5 icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=1.941 ms
84 bytes from 10.89.180.5 icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.458 ms
PC4>
```

PARTE 3: CONFIGURAR PROTOCOLOS DE ENRUTAMIENTO

En la parte 3 se configurarán los protocolos de enrutamiento (Ipv4 – Ipv6), logrando una completa convergencia en la red al final, de igual manera al realizar los pings deberán ejecutarse correctamente

Paso 1: TAREAS 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4

Tarea 3.1: configuración en R1, R3, D1 y D2 el OSPFv2 de área única en el área 0

Router R1

```
R1(config)#router ospf 4
R1(config-router)#router-id 0.0.4.1

R1(config-router)#network 10.89.10.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
R1(config-router)#network 10.89.13.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
R1(config-router)#default-information originate
R1(config-router)#exit
```

Router R3

```
R3(config)#router ospf 4
R3(config-router)#router-id 0.0.4.3

R3(config-router)#network 10.89.11.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
R3(config-router)#network 10.89.13.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
R3(config-router)#exit
```

Switch D1

```
D1(config)#router ospf 4
D1(config-router)#router-id 0.0.4.131

D1(config-router)#network 10.89.100.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
D1(config-router)#network 10.89.101.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
D1(config-router)#network 10.89.102.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
D1(config-router)#network 10.89.10.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

D1(config-router)#passive-interface default
D1(config-router)#no passive-interface e1/2
D1(config-router)#exit
```

Switch D2

```
D2(config)#router ospf 4
D2(config-router)#router-id 0.0.4.132

D2(config-router)#network 10.89.100.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
D2(config-router)#network 10.89.101.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
D2(config-router)#network 10.89.102.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
D2(config-router)#network 10.89.11.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

D2(config-router)#passive-interface default
D2(config-router)#no passive-interface e1/0
D2(config-router)#exit
```

Tarea 3.2: configuración en R1, R3, D1 y D2 el OSPFv3 de área única en el área 0

Router R1

```
R1(config)#ipv6 router ospf 6
R1(config-rtr)#router-id 0.0.6.1

R1(config-rtr)#default-information originate
R1(config-rtr)#exit

R1(config)#interface e1/1
R1(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
R1(config-if)#exit
R1(config)#interface e1/2
R1(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
R1(config-if)#exit
```

Router R3

```
R3(config)#ipv6 router ospf 6
R3(config-rtr)#router-id 0.0.6.3
R3(config-rtr)#exit

R3(config)#interface e1/1
R3(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#interface e1/0
R3(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
R3(config-if)#exit
R3(config)#end
```

Switch D1

```
D1(config)#ipv6 router ospf 6
D1(config-rtr)#router-id 0.0.6.131
D1(config-rtr)#passive-interface default

D1(config-rtr)#no passive-interface e1/2
D1(config-rtr)#exit

D1(config)#interface e1/2
D1(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#interface vlan 100
D1(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#interface vlan 101
D1(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#interface vlan 102
D1(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#exit
```

Switch D2

```
D2(config)#ipv6 router ospf 6
D2(config-rtr)#router-id 0.0.6.132

D2(config-rtr)#passive-interface default
D2(config-rtr)#no passive-interface e1/0
D2(config-rtr)#exit

D2(config)#interface e1/0
D2(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D2(config-if)#exit
D2(config)#interface vlan 100
D2(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D2(config-if)#exit
D2(config)#interface vlan 101
D2(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D2(config-if)#exit
D2(config)#interface vlan 102
D2(config-if)#ipv6 ospf 6 area 0
D2(config-if)#exit
D2(config)#exit
```

Figura 31 Código Switch D1.

```

Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:21.958: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Port-c
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:22.972: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Port-c
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:23.978: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Vlan100
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:24.980: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Vlan100
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:51.957: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Vlan100
Switch1> changed state to up D1, ENCL Skills Assessment
Switch1> configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
[Switch1]config#router ospf 4
[Switch1]config#router-id 0.0.0.133
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.100.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.102.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.102.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.100.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router passive-interface e1/2
[Switch1]config#interface e1/2
[Switch1]config#ip ospf 6 area 0
[Switch1]config#rtr#router-id 0.0.0.133
[Switch1]config#rtr#area 0 default
[Switch1]config#rtr#no passive-interface e1/2
[Switch1]config#interface e1/2
[Switch1]config#ip ospf 6 area 0
[Switch1]config#interface vln 100
[Switch1]config#ip ospf 6 area 0
[Switch1]config#exit
[Switch1]exit
Nov 12 21:06:47.727: NOSPV3-4-AD3C0: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.1 on Ethernet1/2 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
Nov 12 21:06:47.727: NOSPV3-4-AD3C0: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.1 on Ethernet1/2 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
[Switch1]exit
Nov 12 21:22:22.117: NOSPFv3-4-AD3C0: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.1 on Ethernet1/2 from FULL to DOWN, Neighbor Down: Dead timer expired
[Switch1]exit
Nov 12 21:22:29.124: NOSPFv3-3-AD3C0: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.1 on Ethernet1/2 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
[Switch1]exit

```

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12/11/2022 5:13 p. m.

Figura 32 Código Switch D2.

```

Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:10.935: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Ethernet2
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:10.935: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Ethernet2
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:10.935: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Vlan100
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:10.935: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Port-c
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:21.958: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Port-c
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:22.972: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Port-c
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:23.978: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Vlan100
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:24.980: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Vlan100
Switch1> changed state to up
Nov 12 20:26:51.957: NLMPROTO-S-UPD
(DMI) Line protocol on Interface Vlan100
Switch1> changed state to up D1, ENCL Skills Assessment
Switch1> configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
[Switch1]config#router ospf 4
[Switch1]config#router-id 0.0.0.4.132
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.100.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.102.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.102.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router network 10.89.100.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
[Switch1]config#router passive-interface default
[Switch1]config#interface e1/0
[Switch1]config#ip ospf 6 area 0
[Switch1]config#rtr#router-id 0.0.0.133
[Switch1]config#rtr#area 0 default
[Switch1]config#rtr#no passive-interface e1/0
[Switch1]config#interface e1/0
[Switch1]config#ip ospf 6 area 0
[Switch1]config#interface vln 100
[Switch1]config#ip ospf 6 area 0
[Switch1]config#exit
[Switch1]exit
Nov 12 21:06:53.186: NOSPV3-4-AD3C0: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.3 on Ethernet1/0 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
Nov 12 21:06:53.274: NOSPFV3-4-AD3C0: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.3 on Ethernet1/0 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
[Switch1]exit

```

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12/11/2022 5:14 p. m.

Tarea 3.3: configuración en R2 “ISP Network” el MP-BGP

Router R2

```

R2(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 loopback 0
%Default route without gateway, if not a point-to-point interface, may impact
performance
R2(config)#ipv6 route ::/0 loopback 0

```

```

R2(config)#router bgp 500
R2(config-router)#bgp router-id 2.2.2.2

R2(config-router)#neighbor 209.165.200.225 remote-as 300
R2(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 remote-as 300

R2(config-router)#address-family ipv4
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 209.165.200.225 activate
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#network 2.2.2.2 mask 255.255.255.255
R2(config-router-af)#network 0.0.0.0
R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family

R2(config-router)#address-family ipv6
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 209.165.200.225 activate
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:2222::/128
R2(config-router-af)#network ::/0
R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
R2(config-router)#exit
R2(config)#exit

```

Figura 33 Código Router R2.

```

R2# show ip route ::/0 logbook 0
R2(config)#router bgp 500
R2(config-router)#neighbor 209.165.200.225 remote-as 300
R2(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 remote-as 300
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 209.165.200.225 activate
R2(config-router-af)#network 2.2.2.2 mask 255.255.255.255
R2(config-router-af)#network 0.0.0.0
R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 209.165.200.225 activate
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:2222::/128
R2(config-router-af)#network ::/0
R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
R2(config-router)#exit
R2#
R2#
*Nov 12 20:48:27.579: XSYS-5-CONFIG_3: Configured from console by console
R2#
R2#
R2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.165.200.225 0.0.0.0
R2(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 2001:db8:200::1 0.0.0.0
R2(config)#ip route ::/0 loopback 0
R2(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.165.200.225 0.0.0.0
R2(config-router)#bgp router-id 2.2.2.2
R2(config-router)#neighbor 209.165.200.225 remote-as 300
R2(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 remote-as 300
R2(config-router-af)#address-family ipv4
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 209.165.200.225 activate
R2(config-router-af)#network 2.2.2.2 mask 255.255.255.255
R2(config-router-af)#network 0.0.0.0
R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
R2(config-router-af)#no neighbor 209.165.200.225 activate
R2(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::1 activate
R2(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:2222::/128
R2(config-router-af)#network ::/0
R2(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
R2(config-router)#exit
R2#
*Nov 12 20:49:07.751: XSYS-5-CONF_3: Configured from console by console
R2# write memory config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]
Overwrite the current version of the startup configuration previously written
by a different version of the software image?
Overwrite the previous NVRAM configuration?[confirm]
Building configuration...
[OK]
[OK]
R2#

```

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Tarea 3.4: configuración en R1 “ISP Network” el MP-BGP

Router R1

```
R1(config)#ip route 10.89.0.0 255.0.0.0 null0
%Inconsistent address and mask
R1(config)#ipv6 route 2001:db8:100::/48 null0

R1(config)#router bgp 300
R1(config-router)#bgp router-id 1.1.1.1
R1(config-router)#neighbor 209.165.200.226 remote-as 500
R1(config-router)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::2 remote-as 500

R1(config-router)#address-family ipv4 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 209.165.200.226 activate
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 2001:db8:200::2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#network 10.89.0.0 mask 255.0.0.0
% BGP: Incorrect network or mask/prefix-length configured
R1(config-router-af)#exit-address-family

R1(config-router)#address-family ipv6 unicast
R1(config-router-af)#no neighbor 209.165.200.226 activate
R1(config-router-af)#neighbor 2001:db8:200::2 activate
R1(config-router-af)#network 2001:db8:100::/48
R1(config-router-af)#exit-address-family
R1(config-router)#exit
R1(config)#exit
```

Figura 34 Código Router R1.

PARTE 4: CONFIGURAR LA REDUNDANCIA DE PRIMER SALTO

En la parte 4 se configurará la versión 2 del HSRP para proporcionar redundancia de primer salto para los hosts

Paso 1: TAREAS 4.1, 4.2, 4.3

Tarea 4.1: Crear SLA IP en D1 que apruebe la accesibilidad de la interfaz R1 E1/2

Switch D1

```
D1(config)#ip sla 4
D1(config-ip-sla)#icmp-echo 10.89.10.1
D1(config-ip-sla-echo)#frequency 5
D1(config-ip-sla-echo)#exit
D1(config)#ip sla 6
D1(config-ip-sla)#icmp-echo 2001:db8:100:1010::1
D1(config-ip-sla-echo)#frequency 5
D1(config-ip-sla-echo)#exit
D1(config)#ip sla schedule 4 life forever start-time now
D1(config)#ip sla schedule 6 life forever start-time now

D1(config)#track 4 ip sla 4
D1(config-track)#delay down 10 up 15
D1(config-track)#exit
D1(config)#track 6 ip sla 6
D1(config-track)#delay down 10 up 15
D1(config-track)#exit
```

Tarea 4.2: Crear SLA IP en D2 que apruebe la accesibilidad de la interfaz R3 E1/0

Switch D2

```
D2(config)#ip sla 4
D2(config-ip-sla)#icmp-echo 10.89.11.1
D2(config-ip-sla-echo)#frequency 5
D2(config-ip-sla-echo)#exit
D2(config)#ip sla 6
D2(config-ip-sla)#icmp-echo 2001:db8:100:1011::1
D2(config-ip-sla-echo)#frequency 5
D2(config-ip-sla-echo)#exit
D2(config)#ip sla schedule 4 life forever start-time now
D2(config)#ip sla schedule 6 life forever start-time now
```

```
D2(config)#track 4 ip sla 4
D2(config-track)#delay down 10 up 15
D2(config-track)#exit
D2(config)#track 6 ip sla 6
D2(config-track)#delay down 10 up 15
D2(config-track)#exit
```

Tarea 4.3: Configurar el HSRPv2 en D1

Switch D1

```
D1(config)#interface vlan 100
D1(config-if)#standby version 2
D1(config-if)#standby 104 ip 10.89.100.254
D1(config-if)#standby 104 priority 150
D1(config-if)#standby 104 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 104 track 4 decrement 60

D1(config-if)#standby 106 ipv6 autoconfig
D1(config-if)#standby 106 priority 150
D1(config-if)#standby 106 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 106 track 6 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#exit

D1(config)#interface vlan 101
D1(config-if)#standby version 2
D1(config-if)#standby 114 ip 10.89.101.254
D1(config-if)#standby 114 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 114 track 4 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#standby 116 ipv6 autoconfig
D1(config-if)#standby 116 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 116 track 6 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#exit

D1(config)#interface vlan 102
D1(config-if)#standby version 2
D1(config-if)#standby 124 ip 10.89.102.254
D1(config-if)#standby 124 priority 150
D1(config-if)#standby 124 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 124 track 4 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#standby 126 ipv6 autoconfig
D1(config-if)#standby 126 priority 150
D1(config-if)#standby 126 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 126 track 6 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#end
```

Figura 35 Configuración Switch D1.

```

D1
Mon 12 21:22:29.137: %OSPFv3-5-ADJCHG: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.1 on Ethernet1/2 From FULL to DOWN, Neighbor Down: dead timer expired
Mon 12 21:22:29.138: %OSPFv3-5-ADJCHG: Process 6, Nbr 0.0.0.1 on Ethernet1/2 From DOWN to FULL, Loading Done
D1>configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
D1(config)#interface s1/4
D1(config-if)#ip ospf echo 10.89.10.1
D1(config-if)#ip ospf priority 150
D1(config-if)#ip ospf hello 2
D1(config-if)#ip ospf dead 100 100 100 100
D1(config-if)#ip ospf preempt
D1(config-if)#ip ospf preempt max-lag 4 life forever start-time now
D1(config-if)#ip ospf schedule 4 life forever start-time now
D1(config-if)#track 5 ip s1/6
D1(config-if)#track 5 ip s1/6 delay down 10 up 15
D1(config-if)#track 5 ip s1/6 preempt
D1(config-if)#track 5 ip s1/6 priority 150
D1(config-if)#standby version 2
D1(config-if)#standby 104 ip 10.89.100.254
D1(config-if)#standby 104 priority 150
D1(config-if)#standby 104 track 4 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#standby 104 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 104 priority 150
D1(config-if)#standby 104 preempt decrement 60
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#interface vlan 101
D1(config-if)#standby version 2
D1(config-if)#standby 114 ip 10.89.101.254
D1(config-if)#standby 114 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 114 track 6 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#standby 114 preempt
D1(config-if)#standby 114 track 6 decrement 60
D1(config-if)#exit
D1(config)#end
D1> 12 22:30:00.652: %SYS-5-CONF-10_1: Configured from console by console

```

Switch D2

```

D2(config)#interface vlan 100
D2(config-if)#standby version 2
D2(config-if)#standby 104 ip 10.89.100.254
D2(config-if)#standby 104 preempt
D2(config-if)#standby 104 track 4 decrement 60

D2(config-if)#standby 106 ipv6 autoconfig
D2(config-if)#standby 106 preempt
D2(config-if)#standby 106 track 6 decrement 60
D2(config-if)#exit

D2(config)#interface vlan 101
D2(config-if)#standby version 2
D2(config-if)#standby 114 ip 10.89.101.254
D2(config-if)#standby 114 priority 150
D2(config-if)#standby 114 preempt
D2(config-if)#standby 114 track 4 decrement 60

D2(config-if)#standby 116 ipv6 autoconfig
D2(config-if)#standby 116 priority 150
D2(config-if)#standby 116 preempt
D2(config-if)#standby 116 track 6 decrement 60
D2(config-if)#exit

D2(config)#interface vlan 102
D2(config-if)#standby version 2

```

```
D2(config-if)#standby 124 ip 10.89.102.254
D2(config-if)#standby 124 preempt
D2(config-if)#standby 124 track 4 decrement 60
D2(config-if)#standby 126 ipv6 autoconfig
D2(config-if)#standby 126 preempt
D2 (config-if) # standby 126 track 6 decrement 60
D2 (config-if) # exit
D2 (config) # end
```

Figura 36 Configuración Switch D2.

Figura 37 Verificación ruta IPv4.

```
● PC4 ● PC4 ● R1 ● R2 ● R3 ● D1 ● D2 | + - 
[Output from SolarWinds Network Configuration Manager showing configuration details for interface v1m181 on R3, including state transitions, configuration details, and a detailed description of OSPFv3 interface configuration.]
```

Figura 38 Verificación de las SLAs.

CONCLUSIONES

El Diplomado Cisco CCNP es un curso que permitió fortalecer diferentes habilidades en el manejo de redes locales, ya que por medio del simulador GNS3 se pueden diseñar topologías desde básicas hasta complejas.

Con la creación de LACP EtherChannel en los switches, es posible hacer una negociación, este protocolo utiliza una dirección MAC con la que es posible hacer intercambio de mensajes y así mismo validar su compatibilidad.

El protocolo DHCP es cliente/servidor con este automáticamente se genera direcciones IP y hace fácil su administración, convirtiéndolo en un gran avance por su confiabilidad y gran capacidad.

Los protocolos OSPFv2 y OSPFv3 son aquellos protocolos que permiten hacer un enrutamiento dinámico en los protocolos IPV4 e IPV6 ya que su direccionamiento es de tipo enlace-estado.

Para proporcionar la redundancia de primer salto es necesario configurar el protocolo HSRP e implementarle un SLA IP para que sea posible la accesibilidad de las interfaces.

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